THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

ESTABLISHED 1840. MEMPHIS, TENN. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1868. VOL. 28.-NO. 353

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A FIRST CLASS COTTON SHED, centrally located. Rent from the 1st September. Apply to
H. S. DUNSCOMB,
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FOR RENT.—The large COTTON SHED of Wormeley & Pickett, on Madison street, extending through to Court; also the splendid Store and Cellar, No. 37 Adams street. Possession given immediately. Apply to
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au9 1w

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N. M. TREZEVANT.
je17

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WANTED—I want to exchange my improved city property, valued at $8000 cash, for country property of same valuation, or will take dry goods to that amount. Address K. S., Appeal office. au8

WANTED.—5000 bushels DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES. Highest market price paid at G. A. ECKERLY'S, 344 Front street, between Union and Gayoso streets. au21 4w

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper by an experienced business man and thorough accountant. Address B. C., Appeal office. au29

WANTED.—By an accomplished Southern Lady a situation as Teacher of the Piano and Singing in a private family or young ladies' seminary. References of the highest respectability given. Address L. M., care of Mrs. DeGray Bennet, No. 50 Second street, Memphis. au19 1m

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GOODSPEED & CO.,
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NOTICES.

Notice.

I HAVE determined henceforward to do a Commission business exclusively, and have rented my store and taken an office up stairs in same building, where I will be glad to see my friends and patrons, thanking them for past favors, I beg a continuance of the same.
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I HAVE two beautiful and well improved Plantations in Lee county, Ga., within three miles of the city of Albany, bounded by one of the best railroads in the States, and a fine lot and commodious Dwelling in the city, which I will gladly sell or exchange for other property, nearer to me.
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ap18

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LAMAR & CLARK.
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
OXFORD, MISS.
au29 1m

ALBERT PIKE, CHARLES W. ADAMS, U. M. PIKE.
PIKE, ADAMS & PIKE,
Attorneys, Solicitors & Proctors

ATTEND to cases in the different Courts sitting at Memphis, and in the river counties of Arkansas.
☞ The Senior partner will hereafter especially attend to cases in the Supreme Court of Tennessee, and in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims of the United States at Washington, being of the firm of PIKE & JOHNSON, of that city.
Office in the MADAM VINCENT BLOCK, corner of Court and Second streets.
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THIS firm, the junior member of which has had large experience in Departmental and other business during many years' service in Congress, will practice in the Supreme Court and Court of Claims at Washington, where the junior partner will reside. It will also attend to claims before Congress and the Departments.
The office of the firm will be opened in Washington, by the 1st of September next. Meanwhile, communications addressed to ALBERT PIKE, Box 83, P. O., Memphis, or to ROBERT W. JOHNSON, Pine Bluff, Arkansas, will receive prompt attention. jy3 1y

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
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S. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK, LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

Diesolution.

THE firm of KERR, WESCOTT & STAHL is dissolved by mutual consent and by expiration of partnership articles.
Col. J. S. KERR will have his office at No. 270 Second street.
WESCOTT & STAHL will occupy the old offices, No. 270 Second street, and attend to all business intrusted to them.
J. W. WESCOTT, having renewed all old Commissions, will act as Commissioner of Deeds, etc., for the several States, and attend to all Commissioner's business. au8 1m

ARCHITECTS.

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.
OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.
J. H. McCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

MEMPHIS APPEAL

MASONIC DIRECTORY. 1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Reamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Seelig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 299. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Hutis, Sec.

KELWINNING, No. 341. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Mellorni, 32d., W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d., Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

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224 Front Street.

HERMES AND MITHRAS Lodges meet in conjunction 4th Wednesday in every month. F. Mellersh, Secretary.

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CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. ∴ W. ∴; H. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec. ∴

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry F. Woodard, 32d., Comm. ∴; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec. ∴

SUPREME CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d., Comm. ∴ in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Rec. ∴.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3, I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. J. H. McClure, C. P.; F. Mellersh, H. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. je4

MEMPHIS LODGE, No. 6.—Meets every Tuesday night. F. Mellersh, N. G.; M. Pump, Secretary.

CHICKASAW LODGE, No. 8.—Meets every Monday night at 8 o'clock. Dr. George W. Acree, N. G.; Thomas Bacon, Secretary. jy12

GEN. PIKE,

TO THE READERS OF THE APPEAL.

I am not apprehensive that any one whose opinion is worth regarding will deny my right to speak to you for the last time, or think that in doing so, I offend against any rule of propriety.

I retired, unexpectedly to myself, from the editorial control of this journal, because, after disposing of the interest in it, which was my compensation for a year's labor, the new proprietors thought that they could not afford to pay me what I regarded as an adequate salary. Other engagements, also, recently contracted, made me willing to retire, instead of remaining in the Editorial Chair, as I had intended, until December.

I do not, in this letter, propose to censure any one, nor, certainly, to dispute the right of any one to advise or adhere to such measures as they may deem wise and politic, and best calculated to relieve us all from the odious despotisms under which we groan.

I propose only to express my own opinions, in words at which no one can justly take offence. This every one has a right to do, observing the rules of propriety and decorum, unless freedom of thought and opinion is to be discountenanced by those who are of the great party devoted to the restoration of constitutional liberty, and the government of intelligence and virtue.

If any one, instead of replying temperately to my arguments, should prefer to insinuate or charge unworthy motives, such as anger or a pretence to the right of dictation or, disloyalty to the cause which is as much mine as it is that of any other man in the nation, the nature of the response will make it unnecessary for me to say a word by way of rejoinder. I have been assailed and my motives not with too much generosity impugned, and I propose simply to vindicate myself,—no more.

Lord Hinton said, in 1739, in the English House of Lords:

"It has often been the fate of this House, my Lords, to withstand unreasonable prejudices that have been artfully raised among the people; and the more general or violent such prejudices may grow, the more zealous ought we to be for preventing the dangerous effects they may produce, either in the nation or upon our happy Constitution. For this reason, so far from yielding to any popular outcry on account of its being general, I shall always be for examining coolly into its foundation, and where I can find no solid foundation, I shall never be for rearing a new fabrick, or any addition to the old."

It is my misfortune to differ with very many, perhaps the largest number of the members of the Conservative party of this Congressional District, in regard to the policy to be pursued towards the negroes to whom the Legislature of Tennessee has unwisely entrusted the ballot, while disfranchising the large majority of the white men of the State.

In the Convention lately held at Brownsville, it was deemed wise and politic by a large majority of the members, (the vote of the Delegates from Shelby county being divided, but the majority in favor of the Resolution), to adopt a Resolution in the following words:

"RESOLVED:

"That if the freedmen of this State unite with the Democracy, and by their votes secure the enfranchisement of the white men that are now disfranchised, that common justice and common gratitude demand that we should not disturb them in any of the rights they may now possess."

I had endeavored to prevent the introduction into the Convention of any resolution on this subject, upon which seven or eight gentlemen, of whom I was one, had, upon a conference at Memphis, utterly failed to agree. When the resolution was introduced, I intended to debate and attempt to defeat it, for I deemed it mischievous in the extreme; but after it had lain on the table for a time, I concluded, upon reflection, that to discuss it might perhaps be a greater injury to the cause, than to let it pass without debate, after it had been once introduced. And I knew that, if it were defeated, and the negroes of the district should vote as they done before, it would be charged upon those of us who were opposed to it, that but for us and its defeat, the negro vote could have been secured to our side.

I do not assume to speak for any one but myself, although I am quite sure that a large number of the Democrats of the district are of the same opinion. Speaking for myself, I emphatically say, that I would infinitely rather be defeated by the negro vote than succeed by means of it, if to gain it, it is necessary to pledge ourselves to continue to them the right to vote. A victory so gained, I am sure, would be in the end far worse than a defeat. The continuance of negro suffrage cannot, it seems to me, but work the utter ruin of the State and the country. It is useless to say that the white voters, when all are enfranchised, will outnumber the blacks: for these will be numerous enough to hold the balance of power, and when the whites divide into parties, as they will soon do, each will bid for the negro vote, until an utter political demoralization will be the consequence. "A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump;" and forty or fifty thousand negro votes, all in the market, and representing an incredible amount of ignorance, brutality and vice, will, if they do not lower and degrade the whole body of the people, certainly bring down candidates to their own level, enable the lowest and scurviest men to crawl into office by appeals to their ignorance and bad passions, place negroes in stations executive, legislative and judicial, and in no long time make the State unfit to be the residence of a decent white man.

None of us ought to consent to do any thing that shall justify either the wisdom or righteousness of the infamous measures of Congressional reconstruction. When we bind ourselves to secure permanently to the negroes the right to vote, and when we place negro orators on the stand by the side of white men, not to address the negroes only, but to expound the policy of parties and discuss the great questions of the day, for the edification and instruction of white men and white women; and when the speeches of these orators are reported in the public journals, and spoken of in terms of praise, and with disparaging comparisons between their oratory and that of white men who speak before and after them, we justify, not only the emancipation of the negro, but the gift to him of the right of suffrage and of holding office; for we most broadly admit that he is not only fit to be free, but fit also to vote and to hold office, and that he is in intellect and eloquence at least the equal of the large majority of the white race. believe that he is not? fit to be free, much less fit to vote. That there are a few exceptions in no wise proves the fitness of the race.

I for one, will *not* admit, for it is not true, that justice required universal suffrage. I will not admit that negro suffrage is no wrong to the white race, provided the negro will vote for Democratic candidates. I will not admit that they have any right, on the score of fitness or any other score, to a voice in the making of laws or the administration of the Government. To do so, whether by words, or by actions more expressive than words, is to confess that Stevens was a wise and just legislator, and that Sumner is a far-seeing and patriotic statesman.

We have all denounced negro suffrage as an unmitigated outrage. We have cried aloud and spared not against it. The English language has not sufficed to supply words in which to express our detestation of the despicable men who have forced it on the land. If we now accept the negro as our equal, and consent that he shall always vote, if he will but vote now to enfranchise us, do we not admit that all our clamor and outcry against negro suffrage and negro supremacy were without foundation in reason; and that the negro is a marvelously proper person to vote and hold office,—*when he votes the Democratic ticket?* It seems so to me.

The Democratic orators in the Northwestern States, where the people have rejected negro suffrage with great indignation, are still denouncing its imposition on the South, as degrading to the white race in our States, and as a curse inflicted by malignant malevolence on a conquered people. Upon that issue we were gaining Northern votes by thousands. It was the great issue of the campaign. Upon that only, or almost wholly, we had a right to hope to bring over to our side the Union men of East Tennessee, opposed to negro suffrage.

Now, the Radical presses and orators in the North say to the Democratic orators and editors: "Why do you cry out clamorously against negro suffrage, and denounce it as an infamous outrage on the South? Your allies there do not object to it. They offer to guarantee to the negro the right to vote during all time,—if he will only vote the Democratic ticket. They know the negro better than you do; and *they* say that he is fit to vote. They accept him as an equal. They place negro speakers on the stand to speak to white men and women. Are *you* more concerned for their honor and self-respect than they themselves are? *You* complain that military commanders and Radical legislatures compel the free admission of negroes among whites on steamboats and railway cars. You represent this forced association of the races as an insult and outrage, intolerable to the white race. Can it be so, when the people about whom you are so solicitous see with complacency negroes seated upon the platforms, by the side of white men who are of the highest consideration in the States which you so profoundly pity on account of negro suffrage? Can it be so, when a candidate for Congress and one who was a Confederate General precede, and one who was a Confederate Senator, perhaps, follows a negro speaker? These people accept negro suffrage as no hardship, no evil, no wrong, while you protest against it on their behalf."

And men who would have abandoned the Radical faction and come over to us, upon the single and sole question of negro suffrage, say, (and have they not the right to say), that if that question is no longer in issue, if the Democratic party accepts negro suffrage and guarantees its perpetuity, they see but little difference, for *them*, between Radicalism and Democracy, because, in all other points, they agree with the former, and do not abandon its creed. Have not the Radical journals, if we accept negro suffrage, and admit the fitness of the negro to vote, the right to say that the reconstruction measures are not a failure, but successful beyond measure, and successful because they are just and wise? If the negro is *fit* to vote, he is *entitled* to vote, and if *entitled* to vote, it was a great wrong to deny him that right.

The Resolution of the Brownsville Convention declares that if the white men of Tennessee who are now disfranchised, should be enfranchised by the negro vote, the negroes so voting should be secured in the enjoyment of all the *rights* which they may now possess. I will not impute to those who framed or voted for the Resolution, any mental reservation or intention of paltering in a double sense and making a promise only to the ear; but the men to whom the negroes look for counsel and whose words they have so far believed, are shrewd enough to impute the ingenuous and fraudulent intention, and to make the imputation seem plausible. They have, no doubt, already done so. They will ask the negroes why, if the intention was to promise to secure them in the right to *vote*, that promise was not expressed in the plainest possible terms, instead of using an expression at least not free from ambiguity. I do not undertake to say *what* the understanding of the authors of the Resolution or of those who voted for it, as to its real meaning, was; but I suppose I may safely say, that they intended that the negroes should understand that it guaranteed to them the right to vote. For, if it was not so intended and desired, it was altogether a useless thing.

The Radical orator can plausibly say that the language was carefully chosen, so that it should not have, for those who made the promise, the meaning which it was meant to have for those *to* whom it was made; because it is meant to be said hereafter that it guarantees only such rights as the negroes now possess; and they possess no *right* to vote, because they are not lawfully citizens of the State, and the law that gives them the right to vote, is unconstitutional, null and void.

This is one of the soundest rules of morality and honest dealing: "Let the measure of thy affirmation or denial be the understanding of the party with whom thou contractest. It is highly dishonorable to make a contract with another, or any promise to him, and permit him to understand it in another sense than that in which we understand it ourselves, intending at the proper time to take advantage of that misunderstanding, and so not keep the promise or perform the contract according as we permitted him to understand it."

It is certainly *intended* that the negro shall understand that the Democratic party binds itself to concede to all of them who vote the Democratic ticket, the franchise and privilege of voting during all time. I do not believe that one in ten of those who are bound by this pledge, mean to be bound by it in that sense. Besides the ambiguity of the phrase, "rights that they may now possess," the resolution only binds those whose promise it embodies, to secure these rights *in case* the disfranchised whites shall be enfranchised by the negro vote. If this should not be effected by but against that vote, is there any pledge given to those negroes, who, not numerous enough to be a majority of their race and color, nevertheless vote for our enfranchisement, and do all they can to restore to us our rights? If it was intended to guarantee to those, however few, the right to vote, will not the Radical orators ask, why was this not plainly said in so many words? Why make the guarantee to any dependent on the vote of all or of a majority?

I do not think that any large number of the negroes of this city will vote for Seymour and Blair or Leftwich. Very few of them, I think, believe a word of that which Democratic orators say to them. They understand the Brownsville resolution in the sense which their Radical leaders impute to it. The large mass of them stand immovable, sullen, stubborn and stupid, malignant and revengeful, under the Radical banner, and believe in the gospel of Jacobinism and the apostolate of Mr. Barbour Lewis. Some, more shrewd, meet with duplicity what they deem duplicity, pretend to be Democrats, talk Democratic doctrine as far as they understand it, collect all the money they can from those whom they cajole and at whom they laugh in their sleeve; and give private assurances to those of their own race and color who are too thoroughly identified with Radicalism to be able to play the same game successfully, that when the election morning comes, they will be found "voting all right." We will not believe the contest to be one, on the part of Conservatives, of chicane and ambidexterity between them and the negroes; but if it were, the white American would prove no match for the black African in cunning, reticence and deceit.

The result in the neighboring Province of Mississippi upon the question of adopting or rejecting the Constitution dictated at Washington, and whose adoption was endeavored to be enforced by Federal bayonets, has greatly encouraged a large number of Conservatives here in the expectation of being able, by means like those adopted there, to control the negro vote, and by its aid regain the rights of which a usurping Legislature has deprived them. But I know that by many men of intelligence and foresight in Mississippi it is believed that the victory won there was so obtained, by means of such pledges and commitments, as to make it certain that it will in the end prove worse than a defeat.

A year ago, negro delegates were taken by the Conservatives of this city to Nashville, and the Convention which sat there expressly guaranteed to all adult male negroes the right to vote. The attempt so to win the negro vote proved a signal failure, and seemed to be generally repented of. At least, when Mr. Leftwich was elected Mayor, negro suffrage was expressly repudiated, apparently by all Conservative white men. I believe that the present attempt to win the negro will prove quite as signally a failure; and that many of the negroes who now profess to be of the Democratic party, will play us false, while the great mass of them will continue to form the armed militia of Radicalism.

What the effect of the policy now adopted will be in the North or in the South, is perhaps not at present ascertainable, and can only be matter of opinion. I think that, here, it will lose us more white votes than it will gain us black ones; and that in the North it will do us immense injury, since it obliterates one of the great issues on which the Democratic party was likely to win the votes of Republicans. All that, time alone can determine.

But as to the evil consequences of the policy adopted, on the future of Tennessee, I do not think there can be any doubt. By a fair construction of the Brownsville Resolution, to vote is one of the *rights* now possessed by the negroes, and the agreement is to maintain them in this right, if they will vote to enfranchise us. To acknowledge that they are invested with the right, is to admit the constitutionality and validity of the legislation that assumes to confer upon them that right; and that admission is not a few of us cannot make. I believe the franchise laws to be utterly null and void.

To place negro speakers upon the platform with white men, is to admit their fitness to exercise the elective franchise, and the equality of the two races. How, after that, can we take from them the right to vote, on the ground that they are unfit to exercise it, or that this is a white man's government, in which none of the African race are entitled to have a voice?

I am not in the least disposed to make factious opposition to any measure which the majority of the party of which I am a member, may judge expedient. But when I believe that a measure or a policy is big with incalculable and perpetual mischiefs, that it is a terrible mistake, that it yields up every thing, concedes the justice and wisdom of the Congressional legislation, and leaves us no vantage ground to stand upon, I cannot yield these opinions to those of others, how much soever I may respect, how much soever I may sincerely regret to differ with them.

It is said that, having gone into the Convention, I am bound by its action. Undoubtedly; so far as its action was legitimate. We were sent there to nominate candidates, and not to make a platform. The people who sent us had given no instructions and expressed no opinions for our guidance on the question of negro suffrage. I held that they had given us no right to commit them to it in any way; and I hold so yet. The resolution expressed only the individual opinions of those who voted for it, and is in no sense binding on those who opposed it.

It is well known to those who have read the APPEAL that I have all the time, consistently and upon principle, been opposed to negro suffrage; and that I have again and again, as frankly and forcibly as I could, stated the reasons on which that opposition was founded. I do not believe that any one can exaggerate the mischiefs and evils certain to flow from it; I believe that it will prove the utter and irremediable ruin of the South; and that it would be far better to endure our present ills and bear our present burthens for years, rather than to consent to negro suffrage as the means of procuring relief. Others think differently, and I neither censure or malign them. Perhaps they are right and I am wrong.

But it seems to me that this one thing is worthy to be considered by all. It is more than three years since the war closed. About twelve thousand five hundred young men of the white race come of age annually in Tennessee, and the great majority of these are Conservatives. When the war ended there were few young men in the military service of the Confederacy, who had not attained the age of eighteen, and very few who were then under that age are or can be disfranchised. Those who were then eighteen, are now of age; and in five years more, all who were then between the ages of thirteen and eighteen will be voters. If we have only the patience to wait and endure, these will, in five years more, enfranchise us; and it seems to me that it will be infinitely wiser to do so, than, because of our impatience and chafing at the evils that afflict us, to resort, for the sake of speedier relief, to any measure that threatens the most lamentable consequences for all the future.

So far as I have been engaged in politics, I have all my life followed my convictions of duty. I shall do so to the end. No man is free from error. Whether I am so in the present matter, I leave to the determination of time.
ALBERT PIKE.

—An Omaha dispatch of the 28th states that seven hundred and eighty miles of the Pacific road were completed that day.

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REFERRING to the above cards, we respectfully solicit consignments of Cotton and other Country Produce. Will make liberal Cash Advances on Consignments to either house. All consignments shipped by river will be covered by insurance, and while in store, unless otherwise instructed.
FOR SALE.—A general stock of Groceries and Plantation Supplies at low market rates, consisting of BAGGING, IRON TIES, ROPE, TWINE, BACON, PORK, LARD, COFFEE, SUGARS, MOLASSES, TEAS, WHISKY, WOODWARE, etc. Respectfully,
W. K. HILL & CO.,
au12 3m No. 320 Front street.

WM. GAY,
Grocer, Cotton Factor,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NO. 310 FRONT STREET,
NEXT DOOR TO ORGILL BROS. & CO.
MEMPHIS, : : : TENNESSEE.
☞ Keeps constantly on hand a large Stock of PLANTATION SUPPLIES, BAGGING, ROPE AND IRON TIES. Cotton and other Country Produce will give special attention to all Consignments.

S. MAURICE WEBB. J. F. SELLERS
S. M. WEBB & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
Lee Block, Union St., (Up-stairs)
Bet. Front Row and Main Street,
MEMPHIS, - - - TENNESSEE.
au21 w2m

J. L. VERSER,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
314 FRONT STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.
BAGGING, ROPE AND TIES FURNISHED at Lowest Market Prices. Cotton shipped by river, and all Cotton in store will be insured unless otherwise instructed. au14 3m

J. M. PATRICK & CO.,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merchants
No. 24 Front St., Up stairs, Memphis, Tenn.
REFERRING to our experience in the Cotton trade of this city for the past twenty-five years, and pledging our prompt attention to all siness entrusted to our care, we solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us. Bagging, Rope or Ties furnished our customers as usual, and liberal Cash Advances made on Cotton when in store. All Cotton shipped to us will be covered by our open policies of insurance, unless otherwise instructed. [au15 1m] J. M. PATRICK & CO.

M. C. PEARCE, Late of Pearce, Park & Co. B. J. LAMBERT, Indian Bay, Ark.
L. B. SUGGS, late of Pearce, Park & Co.
PEARCE, LAMBERT & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
And Commission Merchants,
226 FRONT ST., UP-STAIRS, MEMPHIS, TENN. Strict attention given to the sale of Cotton and other Produce. Consignments insured under our open policy, unless otherwise ordered. Liberal advances made on consignments. au15 6m

BLACK, ESTES & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 11 Monroe St, Memphis, Tenn.
CONSIGNMENTS of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and all Supplies furnished at the Lowest Rates. Liberal Cash Advancements made on Cotton in store or in transit. Regular legitimate rates for all business done. au25 3m

E. J. COMER, Late C. Northrop & Co. GEO. S. RICHARDSON. Late C. Northrop & Co
COMER & RICHARDSON,
GENERAL
Produce, Feed and Commission
MERCHANTS,
NO. 2 HOWARD'S ROW, MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞ Consignments respectfully solicited.
feb23 6m

INSURANCE.

ST. LOUIS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
HOME OFFICE, No. 513 Olive Street,
ST. LOUIS.
D. A. JANUARY, President.
JAS. H. LUCAS, Vice-President.
WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.
J. S. MILLER, Ass't Secretary.
WM. N. BENTON, Gen'l Agent.
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Assets, June 1, 1868, over $3,000,000
Issues Policies on ALL THE MOST APPROVED NON-FORFEITING PLANS, on as good terms as any Company.
No Restrictions upon Acclimated Persons, or to RESIDENCE OR TRAVEL.
MEMPHIS BOARD OF REFERENCE:
Wormeley, Joy & Co., Aydlett, Robinson & Co., S. M. Webb & Co., Toof, Phillips & Co., Lacey & McGhee, N. Coronna, A. E. Frankland, Jacob Alexander, Clapp, Vance & Anderson, General N. B. Forrest, General J. R. Chalmers, Com. Joseph S. Montgomery, Judge J. P. Caruthers, Rev. G. W. Foote, D.D., Rev. J. R. Graves, Judge Phineas T. Scruggs, Galloway, Hampton Co., DeSoto Insurance Company.
AGENCY OFFICE IN MEMPHIS—No. 43 Madison street, Kit Williams' Block.
McMAHON & OTIS,
State Agents for West Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas and North Louisiana.
N. S. OTIS. J. H. McMAHON
je28 3m

INSURANCE.

Fire & Inland Navigation Risks
MEMPHIS INSURANCE AGENCY,
23 Madison Street.
THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:
ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.
Assets.....$ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid.....21,271,972
HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.
INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.
Assets.....$2,026,220
H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.
HOME OF NEW YORK.
Assets.....$3,623,896
SECURITY OF NEW YORK.
Assets.....$1,477,877
ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.
Capital.....$1,000,000
Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.
Losses Paid at this Agency.
☞ Applications for Marine and Inland Insurance promptly attended to. Jel7 3m

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS.
CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000
OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
OFFICERS:
C. P. NORRIS.....President.
J. J. MURPHY.....Vice-President.
J. R. STEBBINS.....Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
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HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.
THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.
S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
BEN MAY, : : : : : : : Secretary.
DIRECTORS:
A. VACCARO, S. B. WILLIAMSON, HENRY LAIRD, S. H. DUNSCOMB, M. L. MEACHAM, E. McDAVITT, D. H. TOWNSEND.
jy10 1f

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY BRANCH
—OF THE—
KNICKERBOCKER
Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
AT MEMPHIS, TENN.
Office, No. 18 Knickerbocker Building.
Assets, : : : $1,000,000
Policies Issued at this Office on all the popular plans, and the General Business transacted on the same terms as with the Home Office of the Company.
DIRECTORS AT MEMPHIS:
HENDERSON OWEN, of Messrs. Owen, McNutt & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Messrs. Newton Ford & Co.
W. H. CHERRY, President Merchants' National Bank;
ALBERT PIKE, Attorney at Law;
S. J. SEMMES, of Messrs. S. J. Semmes & Co.,
CHARLES C. PARTEE, of Messrs. Partee & Harbert;
CHARLES KORTRECHT, Attorney at Law;
JOHN P. TREZEVANT, of Messrs. Royster Trezevant & Co.;
JOHN MOON, of Messrs. Mhoon & Co.;
NAT. S. GREEN, of Messrs. N. S. Green & Co.;
J. STANWOOD MENKEN, of Messrs. Menken Bros.;
M. F. KENNEDY, of Messrs. Kennedy, Williams & Russell.
MEDICAL EXAMINERS:
R. W. MITCHELL, M.D., FRANK PRICE, M.D.
GENERAL AGENT,
JOHN F. WILKERSON,
For West Tennessee and North Mississippi.
MANAGERS:
S. R. CLARKE & CO.
feb18

FRESH IMPORTATIONS

FOR FALL TRADE.

B. J. SEMMES & CO.,
Irving Block, 254 Second St., Memphis, Tenn.,
Will receive, per Barque "A. G. Jewett," from Bordeaux, a full Stock of
FRENCH BRANDIES, WINES, ETC.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
"YANNISSEE" AND "WESTMORELAND" WHISKY,
AND HAVE ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF
Bourbon, Robertson County and Other Liquors.
au14 6m d&w

EDUCATIONAL.

TO TEACHERS.

THE Trustees of HERNANDO FEMALE COLLEGE wish to lease their Brick Building of 20 Rooms and 7 acres of ground for a series of years. Address THOMAS W. WHITE,
au14 w Hernando, Miss.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,
POPLAR STREET.
MRS. MARY E. POPE, PRINCIPAL, WILL re-open TUESDAY, September 1st. au11 1f

STATE FEMALE COLLEGE.
THE Fall Session of this Institution will commence on MONDAY, the 14th of September next, with a full and superior Faculty (as usual) in all the departments. In addition to the branches usually taught, arrangements have been made for a full course of lessons in PHYSIC

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INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

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Any one getting up a club of Five or more for the Weekly at the above rates will receive a copy gratis.

AINSLIE, KEATING & CO.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 2, 1868.

For President.....HORATIO SEYMOUR
For Vice President.....FRANK P. BLAIR.

TENNESSEE.
EIGHTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.
For Congress.....JOHN W. LEFTWICH.
For Elector.....W. W. VAUGHAN.

GEN. PIKE'S LETTER.

On the first page of this issue we publish the letter from General Pike, to which we referred yesterday. We recommend a candid and careful perusal of it by all the readers of the APPEAL.

J. J. DuBOSE, ESQ.

By an oversight unaccountable, it has not been noticed to the public in these columns that the gentleman whose name heads this paragraph has connected himself editorially with the *Evening Ledger*. Well known to this people, possessed of the necessary ability for his position, and of much business experience, we predict for Mr. DuBose success, and congratulate our friends of the *Ledger* upon his association with them.

EDITORIAL COURTESIES.

We acknowledge with thanks the words of kindness and good cheer of our contemporaries of the *Avalanche* and *Ledger*. Enlisted in the same great cause for which they have done and are doing noble work, it will be our constant aim to "move harmoniously" with them, especially in whatever can add to the usefulness, the dignity and independence of the press.

MILITARY TRIBUNALS.

The constitutionality of military tribunals and the validity of their sentences are about again to be tested, this time before the United States District Court of Florida, on an application for the release by writs of *habeas corpus* of Mudd, Spangler and Arnold, confined in the Dry Tortugas, by sentence of the military court that hung Mrs. Surratt, for supposed participation in the murder of Mr. Lincoln. The application is now under consideration by the court, and if granted, and the writs issued, they will be served on the officer commanding the post at the Tortugas, who cannot, of course, resist their execution. The United States Marshal for Florida, has telegraphed the Attorney General at Washington for instructions, but no reply has yet been returned. Mr. Evarts, at this stage of the proceedings, we apprehend, cannot interfere. It rests with the Judge to grant the writs, and thus open a case for him.

The result of this application will be looked for with considerable interest.

THE ROSECRANS CONFERENCE.

The Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, writing on the 29th ult., thus revives the Rosecrans conference with Gen. Lee and other prominent gentlemen, formerly of the military and civil service of the Confederacy:

Gen. Rosecrans spent a couple of hours with the President, and also some time with Secretary Seward to-day, the time being occupied, in both cases, in explanations by the General of the leading features of his conferences with the late rebels at the White Sulphur Springs, and of the wants of the Southern people. He says there is no disposition among those with whom he conversed to take a prominent part in national affairs for the present; that their only desire is to inform the North of their feelings and condition. They want the whole country to show toward them a disposition of fairness, and they will do their part toward the establishment of the friendliest business and social intercourse between the two sections.

The same correspondent writing on the 30th, says:

Gen. Rosecrans left here last night for New York. It is probable that early this week an authentic account of his conference with Lee, Stephens and others, will be published, as it is already reduced to writing in the form of a letter from Gen. Rosecrans to Lee and others, and a reply from Lee to Rosecrans.

We will be happy to lay these letters before our readers and hope they will prove the last effort of impracticable busy-bodies to inform the world of our intention to observe a peace we never had any intention of breaking.

RELIEF ASSOCIATION, 154TH SENIOR REGIMENT.

The survivors, in this city, of one of the most gallant regiments, and the oldest from Tennessee, in the armies of the late Confederate States, have associated themselves, as a body, under the above title, for the relief of such of their comrades as, by the misfortunes of life, may stand in need of it. In order to put themselves in possession of additional capital, and, at the same time, to afford their friends an opportunity of meeting them under the happy auspices of a ball and supper, they have, by a prompt and efficient committee, made arrangements for a pleasant occasion to come off at Raleigh to-morrow night. Tickets for trip by railroad, ball and supper, only $2 50.

This is a simple statement to which no words of ours can lend additional force. Redolent of glorious memories is the name of the 154th Regiment. First in the service of the State, they were among the last of the gallants who folded away the flag they had followed with honor to themselves and credit to Tennessee. Of the hundreds who went out in 1861, but few survive. On the banks of the Mississippi, on Shiloh's field and all along the course of the hosts who contended in Tennessee, Kentucky and Georgia, a large majority of these hundreds sleep in peace. Those who are left, a prey to varying fortune, desire to provide for themselves against any emergency, and in a society, a brotherhood cemented by blood, to keep alive the memories that must ever be dear to them. In this they should be encouraged, and, as far as they can be, supported by the public. Unlike the Federal, the Confederate soldier cannot look to the Government for help, that must come from those for whom he fought. We hope, then, that all the tickets offered for this affair will be bought up by our citizens, and that it will be our privilege to report such a gathering of "fair women and brave men" at Raleigh, as has seldom if ever graced a ball in this vicinity. The arrangements with the railroad are ample for the occasion, and every provision has been made that taste can suggest for the comfort of those who may attend.

THE RADICAL NEGRO PROCESSION.

We submit to Mr. BEAUMONT and to Mr. Sheriff CURRY, that it is high time some effort was made by them commensurate with the safety of the women and children of this city; to restrain the negroes of the Radical Loyal Leagues, and prevent their marching through the streets in armed bodies, yelling as only the poor creatures yell when excited by bad whiskey and the worst advice of white cowards, who prompt them to insults they would not themselves father and live a moment after in this community. No man who is in the least alive to the necessity that exists for peace in this city and State, especially at this time, could fail last night to be excited with apprehensions. Armed to the teeth, the poor misguided blacks, led by the debased and lower white scum who officer and drill them—armed to the teeth, hissing words of insult and oaths, they marched through the streets late into the night, rendering it hideous by their misconduct. That they should have processions, we have no objection to offer, but we do object to their being armed, and knowing that they are armed, insulting, and swearing, and swaggering, only as they can do inspired by those of the white race who consort with them. Negroes carrying swords, and guns, and pistols, with words of menace for the white people as they passed every corner—is this the politics of Radicalism? When, the other evening, the Democracy marched in torch-light procession through the city, armed men were not of the long line that decently marched to the rendezvous in the extreme southern part of the city. Why, then, should the blacks march armed? There is no desire or intent to interfere with them. They can walk and hold their meetings in peace, so far as the Democracy is concerned. If this state of things is continued it will lead to results that all must deplore. We ask then, that the authorities, who can do so, promptly interfere to prevent these armed processions in future. If they do not, in self-defense, the white men will have to arm and be a law unto themselves. To prevent the certain results of such a step, we ask the prompt intervention of the Commissioner of Police, and if necessary, the Sheriff of the county.

These gentlemen *must* do their duty and protect the community. They *must* disarm the negroes, notwithstanding BARBOUR LEWIS' advice that they shall go armed to and from their meetings. Mr. LEWIS, when charged with such a speech once before, denied it through our columns. Last night his language was too plain for him to escape the brand of the incendiary. The police must do their duty and arrest even Mr. LEWIS and search him for arms it is presumable he carries, since he so freely advises others.

CALL BY THE LEGISLATURE FOR FEDERAL TROOPS.

The House of Representatives on Saturday last, by a vote of 35 ayes to 31 nays passed the following resolutions, offered by Mr. Thornburg, of Grainger. They are in lieu of the Senate joint resolution passed by that body on Wednesday, and of an amendment to the Senate's resolution, introduced by Representatives Taylor, of Carter, and Johnson, on Friday:

Resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That his Excellency Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, be, and is hereby earnestly requested to furnish a sufficient number of troops to the State of Tennessee to protect the law-abiding citizens from acts of violence committed by lawless bands now roving over the counties, and to assist the authorities in the execution of the laws.

Resolved, That the Speakers of the two Houses and the Secretary of State immediately transmit this resolution to his Excellency by telegraph, and request an immediate reply.

Passed by a close vote, this none the less looks as if the Legislature was not wholly insensible to public opinion or to the possible results to themselves, and others of their ilk, should it become necessary for the President to interpose the strong arm of the military power of the government in opposition to their State Guard. The conference with our distinguished Generals, the protest of the citizens of the State, the voice of the press and the assurances of the President to Messrs. Burch and Looney have accomplished thus much. The Senate concurring, peace may be continued to us.

MILITIA AND FINANCES.

The protest of Nashville against the organization of a scalawag militia in our State will be found worthy of the intelligence and patriotism of the people of the capital. Also an article from the *Banner*, in which the facts and figures of our State debt are fully and truthfully set forth. Both will be found in another column.

Senator Dixon for Seymour and Blair.

The following letter was received by the chairman of a Democratic meeting at Plainville, Ct., from Senator Dixon:

HARTFORD, August 20, 1868.

My Dear Sir: On returning, after a brief absence from my home, I found your letter inviting me to address the mass meeting at Plainville to-day. I regret that I had not time to answer your letter, so that you might state to the meeting the reason of my absence. I agree with you in the opinion that the welfare of the country will be promoted by the election of Horatio Seymour and Francis P. Blair as President and Vice President of the United States. Any other result will, in my judgment, tend to perpetuate the present unfortunate condition of the nation and intensify the feeling of hostility between the North and South, which I hope by the election of Seymour and Blair will be changed to an enduring sentiment of kindness and fraternity.

Yours, with high respect,
JAMES DIXON.

Hon. H. A. Mitchell, Bristol.

The New Finance Dodge.

A Radical newspaper, which is in the habit of branding everybody opposed to it as a "liar and villain," succeeds in branding itself as something of the same sort, when it says: "We are paying $40,000,000 a year, in solid gold, as the cost of Democratic threats of repudiation. Our interest on the public debt is over $120,000,000 in gold, when it need not exceed $80,000,000." No sooner was the intelligence received abroad that the funding bill had passed the House, than all the respectable English journals declared that the bondholders would not care to trust to the payment of the new bonds, and would refuse to exchange the old ones. Reason: They have no confidence in a set of men who deliberately propose to swindle their own people out of $880,000,000. They prefer to hold bonds which will be paid by a Democratic Government strictly according to contract, and by which the bondholders will receive the same money which they paid, with a considerably increased value.—*Chicago Times.*

A SPANISH Duke has been swindling the Madrid jewelers to the extent of 20,000 francs. They have obtained reparation, however, and his wife has been made curator of his affairs. A good many husbands are managed in a similar way when their wives had no special appointment for the purpose.

STATE DEBT.

Increase Since '65, 18,044,716 92

Result of Three Years of Radical Rule.

From the Nashville Banner of Sunday.]

The past three years of Radical rule in Tennessee have been characterised by the most wanton waste of the public money, the grossest corruption and the most reckless extravagance that ever cursed any community. We have been at some trouble and taken no little pains to investigate the financial condition of the State, and to ascertain by comparison the difference between the funded debt and other liabilities of Tennessee, as it was in the month of May, 1865, and its present figures, September 1, 1868:

From the report (dated May, 1865) of Comptroller Fowler, we find the *then* debt thus:

Bonds issued to railroads	$13,909,000 00
To turnpikes and plank road	65,000 00
To Agricultural Bureau	30,000 00
For capital of Bank of Tennessee, State Capitol and other purposes, denominated "State debt proper"	3,804,000 66
Making of funded debt	$17,808,5.0 66
To which add indorsement of bonds of the city of Memphis and of various railroads	2,307,000 00
Showing its entire liability in May, 1865	20,105,000 66
Comptroller Blackburn's report, (dated August 3, 1868,) gives the amount of outstanding bonds and liabilities for indorsements, as above	36,750,323 58
To which must be added matured interest since January 1 to September 1, 1868, about	1,400,000 00
Making the total liabilities September 1, 1868	$38,150,323 58
From this take the indebtness in the month of May, 1865, as above stated	20,105,000 66
Showing an increase of the debt in 1868 of	$18,044,716 92

This statement may be relied upon as in all respects entirely accurate. In addition there are also to be mentioned the "school debt" and the redemption of the circulation of the Bank of Tennessee, which are to be provided for.

Is it any wonder, with such an exhibit, that the taxation under which we are groaning, and which is paralyzing our commerce, is too grievous to be borne? And yet, with all this palpable mismanagement of the State finances, we see men, claiming to represent the people of Tennessee, advocating a militia bill at the behest of the Gubernatorial monomaniac at Knoxville, which contemplates the saddling of a debt still more enormous upon the tax-ridden citizens whose substance is already nearly eaten up by the vampires who order these extraordinary levies. With the above truthful and accurate exhibit of our real financial situation, no intelligent observer can possibly doubt that a call of the militia will utterly destroy the credit of the State, to say nothing of more tragic and disastrous consequences which are likely to follow upon the heels of that ruinous measure.

We desire that the Brownlow administration and the Legislature should examine with most searching scrutiny the figures given above. They will be found to vary but a very few thousands from the actual condition of the State finances, and furnish *the only correct statement* of the debt which has been made since May, 1865. If such an expose does not open the eyes of those who control the public purse, they must indeed be too perversely blind or too thoroughly dishonest to comprehend the financial situation.

It is but just that in this connection we should exonerate Comptroller Blackburn and his chief clerk, J. T. Plunkett, from even implied blame for the confusion worse confounded which has characterized our finances for the past three years. Amid all the violence of party contests their honesty has never been impugned. If the hungry rats of Radicalism have gnawed into the public crib, and fattened themselves at the public expense, it was not for want of vigilance on the part of the keepers.

*Besides this debt, there is due to the "School Fund," and for the redemption of the outstanding circulation of the Bank of Tennessee, an unascertained amount of probably some two or more millions of dollars.

Of this increased indebtedness some $4,000,000 or $4,900,000 of it was used in paying and funding interest on bonds up to [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, September 1.—A North Carolina merchant, in this city, yesterday, had his pocket picked of $3100.

PENNSYLVANIA.

WILKSBARRE, September 1.—Hon. George Woodward was unanimously renominated for Congress, to-day, by the Democratic Convention.

ALABAMA

MOBILE, September 1.—Receipts of new cotton at this port, 307 bales, against 157 bales at the same time last year. The crop is estimated at two and a quarter million bales.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, September 1.—Two daughters of of Hon. T. B. Jones, Associate Judge of Ocean county, N. J., were killed by lightning yesterday, at New Egypt, in that county. They were aged twelve and seventeen. A son of Mr. Jones was also severely injured.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, September 1.—John Bright publishes a long and eloquent address to the voters of Birmingham, gives his views on nearly all great questions at issue, explains to his constituents the dire effects of the State Reform bill, reviews at large the questions of suffrage and repeal, and his desire for such extension of franchise as will call into action more of the enlightened intelligence of the country. He denounces the principle of three-cornered constituencies as applied to Birmingham. He believes the disestablishment and dis-endowment of the Irish Church would strengthen the cause of Christianity and the constitution of the country. He closes by announcing himself champion of these principles, and offers himself as a candidate for re-election to the House of Commons.

NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, September 1.—The House to-day concurred in the Senate resolution to appoint a committee composed of two Senators and three Representatives to proceed to Washington to lay before the President the condition of affairs in Tennessee, and request him to send a sufficient United States military force to the State for the protection of the people.

The *Press and Times* (Radical) favors the introduction of Federal troops in preference to employing militia, and urges the Legislature to strike out the clause in the militia bill authorizing the declaration of martial law by the Governor.

Andrew Fodenhamer committed suicide this afternoon, by hanging.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Commissioner Rollins has recommended to the Secretary of the Treasury the appointment of Spencer King as Supervisor under the new Internal Revenue law, for New York city, but the President favors Gen. R. W. Gogen for that position.

The Navy Department has dispatches from Admirals Farragut and Rowan, announcing the disposition of European and Asiatic squadrons; also a dispatch from Lieut.-Commander Cushing, of the Wamsutta, dated Yokohama, July 12th, announcing that he had found at Hai Una ten Europeans, comprising the crew of the Bremen bark Lemonia, which was captured by pirates two weeks previous, and within sight of the eastern coast of Hai Una. The Lemonia had ten able white men and a number of Chinese passengers, and was armed with two cannons, a number of breech-loading rifles, revolvers, etc., and yet was captured after a short chase, by the Junk, carrying but two guns and a crew of twenty Chinamen. After taking all they desired, the pirates sent the captain of the bark and his men into the coal locker forward and closing the hatch, put on the sheet anchor and chain, after which they scuttled the ship, stove in the boat and sailed away, intending all hands to be drowned. The captain and crew managed to break out and get ashore, leaving the Chinese passengers to their fate. The whole history of this case, says Commander Cushing, is one of disgraceful cowardice, and he was glad to find there was no American in the crew.

Cushing, after a long cruise, failed to find any of the pirates, and in obedience to orders, sailed for Yokohama.

WASHINGTON, September 1.—Bravet Brig. Gen. A. Bard and brevet Brig. Gen. Nelson and Davis, have been placed, subject to orders of Gen. Sherman, for assignment to duty.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 1.—Melvin Foster and M. Rudolph, the mysterious Frenchman, played a match at billiards last night of eight games, Foster winning six.

In a trot at Fashion Course to-day, Hickory Jack beat Lady Wells the best three in five, the mare winning the first heat.

A man named Fiske, residing in Hoboken, accidentally shot his wife. Her life is despaired of.

A number of whisky distilleries in this city, for some months past suspended by order of revenue officers, recommenced business yesterday under the new law.

A Frenchman living in Pearl street claims to have invented a flying machine, by which he can be propelled rapidly and safely against a current of air.

The Patterson races will be held on the 15th, 16th and 17th instant.

Robert Colyer preached at Boston, on Sunday, in favor of woman's rights. He was not sure but the office of President could be better filled by a woman than a man.

Ex-Gov. Seymour, of Connecticut, is quite sick. His disease is of a typhoid nature.

The Chinese Embassy sail for Europe on the 9th instant.

The *Express* says warrants have been issued by United States Commissioner Quitman for the arrest of prominent revenue officials, at the instance of Solicitor Binckley, of the Treasury Department. Ex-Collector Gray is in custody.

Bureau statistics furnish the following information, relative to emigration to the United States during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1868: Total number of passengers arrived, 323 749, of which 44,966 were citizens of the United States, and 5126 foreigners not intending to remain in the United States. The returns compared with 1866 and '67 show a heavy falling off.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, September 1.—Cotton dull; nominal middling 25½@26c; sales 28 bales; receipts 4.3 bales. Sterling 57@60. New York sight ½c premium. Gold 42¾. Flour quiet, superfine $7; choice $11 50. Corn quiet; $1 05@1 10. Oats quiet, 64@65. Hay $24@25. Bran at 17½@1 20. Pork $30 25@30 50. Bacon steady and quiet, shoulders 14c; clear sides 18c. Lard quiet, tierces 19½; kegs 22c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, September 1.—Tobacco, sales 69 hhds; lugs to medium leaf $7 00@15 00; sales to date, 7564 hhds; not so many as to the last inst. of last year. Wheat $2 00@2 05. Superfine flour $6 75@7. Corn 90. Oats 48@50. Rye $1 25. Mess Pork $28 50. Lard 18½c. Bacon 13½@16½@17½. Bulk meats 12½@16½.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, September 1.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Flour pull; superfine $6 50. Wheat $2@2 03; Corn 88@92. Oats $1 54@1 55. Pork $27 25. Bacon 13½@16½@17½c. Lard 18½@20.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, September 1.—Flour and wheat unchanged. Corn 86@90. Oats 55c. Pork quiet and unchanged. Refined sugar ½c lower hard 16½@16¾. Coffee steady. Cattle, beef 75c; lower. Sheep ½c higher.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, September 1. Consols 92, bonds [illegible]

FRANKFORT, September 1.—Bonds quiet 75½.

LIVERPOOL, September 1.—Cotton closed firm and unchanged.

PARIS, September 1.—Bourse dull; rents 75.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BAILEY—The friends and acquaintances of the late Dr. W. T. and Kate Bailey, are invited to attend the funeral of their daughter, ANNIE FRANCES, from their residence in Chelsea, today at 4 o'clock p m.

Services by the Rev. J. O. Stedman, D. D.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

DISSOLUTION.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm style of ALBERT PIKE & CO. is this day dissolved. Messrs. AINSLIE, KEATING & CO. succeeding to the business, as Publishers and Proprietors of the Daily and Weekly APPEAL, are authorized to collect all outstanding accounts due the late firm, and sell of all their liabilities. ALBERT PIKE,

August 18, 1868. [sel 1w] J. S. C. HOGAN.

Rally! Rally! Rally!

ALL Colored men of the Seventh Ward are cordially invited to attend a meeting at Ferguson Hall (Wednesday) evening, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of organizing a Ward Democratic Club.

STARK FOSTER,
SPENCE MILLERY,
W. M. HENRY,
WILLIAM GREER,
JOURDAN PEARSON,
RICHARD MURPHY,

Hon. J. W. Leftwich and Orvil Yerger are expected to address the meeting.

Ledger copy. sep2 1t

FOR RENT—That large and commodious WAREHOUSE, known as E. M. Apperson & Co.'s, corner of Fourth and Jefferson streets, for rent low to a good tenant. The Lessee will receive the patronage of the undersigned.

E. M. APPERSON & CO.

sep2 1m 235½ Front street.

WANTED—A good Dry Goods SALESMAN. None but experienced hands need apply, at 226 Main street, between the hours of 2 and 3 p.m. [sep2 1t] VENDIG & BRO.

DR. J. A. CLOPTON will remain in the city until the 9th inst. He treats with perfect success, Piles, Fistula, Strictures, Tumors, Polypus, etc. Refers to old patients of the city, and some of the most respectable Physicians of the city. Cured with or *without* the knife.

sep2 1t

Notice of Copartnership.

WE have this day associated with our firm as partner, Mr. S. M. ASHE, lately of the firm of Ashe, McLennon & Co., and our business will be continued under the same old style of J. W. Cobbs & Co.

sep2 2t J. W. COBBS & CO.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

MEMPHIS, September 1, 1868.

THE copartnership of Webb, Mitchell & Co. is this day dissolved by limitation of articles of agreement. All persons indebted to the firm, or having business with the same, will find our junior partner, L. T. Webb, with the books, at Price & Treadwell's, No. 15, Union street, Lee Block. Either partner is authorized to use the firm name in settlement.

W. H. WEBB,
J. S. MITCHELL,
L. T. WEBB.

sep2 1m

Dissolution.

THE Firm of W. N. Eakin & Co. was dissolved by mutual consent on the 15th August, 1868. Either party is authorized to settle the business of the old firm.

All persons indebted to the firm of W. N. Eakin & Co. are requested to come forward and settle without delay. The books and papers will be found at the Underwriters' Warehouse, corner of Market and Promenade streets.

W. N. EAKIN.
A. CONNELL.

Memphis, September 1, 1868.

The business will be continued at the old stand on Chickasaw street, by A. Connell and M. Connell, jr., under the firm name of A. Connell & Co.

Memphis, September 1, 1868. sep2 1t

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

STILL LOWER REDUCTION IN FREIGHTS.

Shortest Line, Quick Time, Lowest Rates

MEMPHIS & CHARLESTON R. R.

MARK YOUR GOODS
—VIA—
Virginia and Tennessee Air Line

Rates via NORFOLK have been greatly reduced, and are as follows:

TO MEMPHIS, PER 100 POUNDS.

From	1st Class.	2d Class	3d Class.	4th Class.
New York	$1 63	$1 50	$1 20	.90
Boston	1 63	1 50	1 20	.90
Philadelphia	1 60	1 75	1 35	.90
Baltimore	1 54	1 40	1 10	.85

All Rail rates from New York to Memphis have this day been reduced to following figures:

First Class, per 100 lbs	$2 15
Second Class, per 100 lbs	1 90
Third Class, per 100 lbs	1 75
Fourth Class, per 100 lbs	1 25

This route having the SHORTEST LINE, is determined to transport Freights TO and FROM Memphis at as low rates, or lower, than any other line.

CLAIMS for LOSS and DAMAGE promptly adjusted.

For Bills of Lading or information, call on C. S. SAWYER, 273 Main street, or A. J. LOWE, Agent at Depot.

W. J. ROSS,
Gen'l Sup't M. and C. Railroad.

JOS. C. LOPEZ, Gen'l Fr't Ag't. sep2

J. W. COBBS, Late of Cobbs, Haynes, & Co.
S. M. ASHE Late of Ashe, McLennan & Co.

J. W. COBBS & CO.,
Cotton and Tobacco Factors,
- AND -
General Commission Merchants,
264 Front street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments in hand. All consignments insured, unless otherwise instructed. sep2 1w

JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

And dealers in

Plantation & Family Supplies,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.

☞ Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.

TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.
sep1 No. 226 Front street.

Land for Sale.

300 ACRES, more or less, of good rich timbered unimproved Land, on Raleigh and Cuba Road, on Big Creek, Shelby county, will be offered at private sale, for cash, until Monday, September the 28th, when, if not sold, the same will be sold at public auction at the Circuit Courthouse door in Memphis.

Apply to LUCY T. RALSTON,
Executrix of John Ralston, dec'd Big Creek,
Or M. D. L. STEWART,
sep1 td Memphis.

Tenth Ward Club, No. 2,

HELD their regular weekly meeting Saturday night at their headquarters. After the usual routine of business, several new members, (all voters,) were added. The Club then adjourned till next Saturday night, when a full attendance is requested, as some good speakers are expected to address the meeting.

H. A. GARVEY, Rec. Sec'y.
sep1 5t

W. J. JOHNSON,
—GENERAL—
Freight and Steamboat Agent,
sep1 tf No. 7¾ Madison Street.

Notice of Dissolution.

THE Law firm of Haynes, Stockton & Hart, has this day expired by limitation. They will occupy their old offices at No. 42 Madison street—R. Newton Hart the front, and Haynes & Stockton the rear office.

R. NEWTON HART,
HAYNES & STOCKTON.
Memphis, August 31, 1868 sep1 2w

FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF MEMPHIS.

DIRECTORS:

W. A. GWYN,
F. S. DAVIS,
W. W. YOUNG, of Young Bros.;
W. W. THATCHER, of Brown & Jones;
J. W. JEFFERSON, of J. W. Jefferson & Co.;
BEN EISMAN, of Rice, Stix & Co.;
NEWTON FORD, of Newton Ford & Co.;
C. F. SMITH,
C. P. NORRIS.

F. S. DAVIS,
President.
C. P. NORRIS,
Vice-President.

sep1 tf

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.

AT REDUCED RATES.

C. N. CASE, Jr., & CO.,
177 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
sep1 tf Woodruff Block.

FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE
MERCHANTS'
INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, : : : $200,000

Office—No. 19 Madison St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE

DIRECTORS:

E. McDAVITT, M. E. COCHRAN,
F. W. SMITH, W. B. WALDRAN,
J. T. FARGASON, NAPOLEON HILL,
W. A. GOODWYN, JOHN T. STRATTON,
J. F. FRANK.

OFFICERS:

E. McDAVITT, - - - - - President.
F. W. SMITH, - - - - Vice President.
E. A. PARKER, - - - - - Secretary.

STOCKHOLDERS:

Allison Bros., W. H. Andrews, M. A. Allen, Benj. Babb, M. L. Bacon, C. C. Bill, W. H. Bridges, D. W. Bowman, W. S. Bruce & Co., P. H. Bryson, S. J. Camp, F. M. Cash, C. C. Clay, C. F. Chamberlin, W. H. Cherry, M. E. Cochran, G. A. Cochran, C. Curtis, F. S. Davis, J. S. Day, DeSoto Bank, Dillard, Pinson & Co., H. Dow, W. J. P. Doyle, S. H. Dunscomb, Edmonds, Pettigrew & Co., W. M. Farrington, J. T. Fargason, J. F. Frank & Co., J. D. Frayser, J. W. Fowler, N. Ford & Co., W. C. Foster, W. A. Gage, M. Gavin, W. B. Greenlaw,	G. W. Gilmore, Chas. Gilmore, C. W. Geiger, W. A. Goodwyn, R. D. Goodlett, W. H. Goodlett, D. D. Gober, J. C. Gunn, & Co., A. L. Harris, Wm. F. Hardin, A. Hatchett, J. P. Hill & Co., I. M. Hill, Napoleon Hill, J. C. Holst & Co., R. B. Howell, Howell, Wood & Co., M. H. Martin, E. Marshall, Mansfield & Higbee, E. McDavitt, J. H. McDavitt, L. B. Mercer, Geo. Mitchell, R. J. Morgan,	Thos. Moffet, Jesse Moore, A. J. Murray, Jos. M. Myers, C. P. Norris, J. Overton, Jr., H. Owen, H. A. Parten, Parten & Harbert, J. T. Peyton, J. Powers, W. P. Prendiff, W. G. Rainey, E. F. Risk, L. R. Richards, Isidor Rosenbach, H. Rayne, J. & J. Steele & Co., R. S. Jones, John Johnson & Co., C. Kortrecht, John B. Leech, G. H. LeGiere, E. H. Leidy, T. F. Mackall, M. J. Martin, S. M. Ward, R. D. Ward, Geo. W. Wible, M. J. Wicks, W. A. Williamson, S. W. Wilkins, James M. Williamson.

jel0 3m ed

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Income for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PRELAN.	

ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 291 MAIN STREET.

FERGUSON & PRIVETT,
No. 11 Madison Street, Agents for Tennessee.

jel4 d1fw1m

J. T. PETTIT, Late of J. T. Pettit & Co.
WM. SIMPSON, Late of Simpson, Saund[illegible] & Co.

PETTIT & SIMPSON,
Cotton Factors & Commission Merch'ts,
No. 15 Union Street,
(Up Stairs,) MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Liberal advances made on consignments. Orders for Supplies, Bagging, Rope and Ties filled at lowest market rates. Instructions strictly obeyed. sep1 1m

MARTIN WALT & CO.,
(LATE R. P. WALT & CO.,)
Established 1832.
WHOLESALE GROCERY AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
All Kinds of Western Produce,
272 Front street, Memphis, Tennessee.

Agents for the Old Established Line of Arkansas River Packets.

☞ We are prepared to make Cash Advances, when required, on shipments of Western Produce for sale here, or on Cotton consigned to our correspondents in New Orleans. sep1

REMOVAL.

200 Front Street. 200 Front Street.

On the first of September, I will remove to

200 Front Street.

ISIDOR ROSENBACH,
Rectifier, and Dealer in Liquors.
sep 6 3m

S. B. WILLIAMSON. N. HILL. N. FONTAINE.

WILLIAMSON, HILL & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS, COTTON FACTORS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
326 Front Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

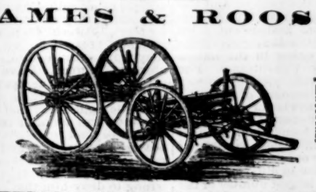
IN view of the near approach of the Fall season, it affords us much pleasure in again being able to call the attention of our friends and the public at large to our recently enlarged stock of Goods, comprising in part as follows:

100 hhds Bacon Sides,	500 pcs Kentucky Bagging,	200 bbls sm'd Ref. Sugars,
300 bbls Pork,	100 coils Machine Rope,	100 sacks Coffee,
20 hhds B Shoulders,	50 tons Iron Ties,	100 bbls Molasses,

And all such articles usual in our line of business.

☞ As heretofore, Mr. HILL (of our firm) will give his undivided attention to the sale of all Cotton consigned to us, and hope to be able to give such satisfaction as has met his efforts on previous occasions. aug30 3m

SOUTHERN WAGON FACTORY
JAMES & ROOSA,



Largest Stock of Home-Made Wagons in the City, at the Lowest Prices.

Dealers in Bar Iron, Axles, Springs, and all kinds of Wagon Maker's Material.

MANUFACTURERS OF FARM AND SPRING WAGONS,
aul 5m No. 92 Jefferson Street, Memphis, Tenn.

SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
No. 17 Madison Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

AMOS WOODRUFF, President, BEN. MAY, Secretary,
T. A. NELSON, F. M. WHITE, } Vice-Presidents.
CHAS. T. PATTERSON, Ass't Secretary.

Capital, : : : : : : $228,500 00
Surplus, : : : : : : 102,742 06

DIRECTORS:

T. A. NELSON,	A. WOODRUFF,	R. C. BRINKLEY,	F. M. WHITE,	C. P. NORRIS,
SAM TATE,	H. A. PARTEE,	C. C. SPENCER,	C. W. FRAZER,	CHAS. KORTRECHT,
JACOB WELLER,	HUGH TORRANCE,	Gen. JNO. B. GORDON,	F. S. DAVIS,	J. W. MCCOWN,

MEDICAL BOARD:

E. MILES WILLET, JOHN H. ERSKINE.

ATLANTA (GA.) BRANCH, LOUISVILLE BRANCH,

JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't; W. C. MORRIS, Sec'y. C. C. SPENCER, Pres't; E. P. HOPKINS, Sec'y.

☞ Insures Lives, and promptly adjusts and pays Losses. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses. jy26 3m

No Humbug, but positively true, in order to gain room for Fall and Winter Stocks.

GENERAL CLEARING OUT SALE
—OF ALL—
SUMMER GOODS
BELOW NEW YORK COST, AT
WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,
229 Main St., Clay Building.
MAKE EARLY SELECTIONS AND SECURE GREAT BARGAINS
jy19 tf WALKER BROS. & CO.

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHÆTONS
WAGONS AND HARNESS.
R. O. BRADLEY.
377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn
mh16 tf

DRY GOODS.

THE
DRY GOODS TRADE
OF MEMPHIS.
GRAND PREPARATIONS
—FOR—
FALL TRADE
COMPETITION DEFIED
—AT—
HOME OR ABROAD

IN CONSEQUENCE OF THE FAVORABLE prospects of a bountiful season, by which there must necessarily insure

A LARGE TRADE

We have concluded arrangements through which we propose to offer inducements for

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

CITY MATTERS.

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART
New Orleans Express, daily,	3.00 p.m.	3.05 p.m
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5.00 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	4:15 p.m.	7.00 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, August 16, 1868.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. aul6

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:40 p m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:20 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sunday's) at		8:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except Sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line

	DEPART.	ARRIVE
Day Express	6.40 a.m.	3:40 p.m
Night Express	3:40 p.m.	9:15 a.m

(City Time.)
Ticket offices No. 257½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

RAIN.—The falling weather which set in on Monday afternoon continued all that night and yesterday.

ON THE BLUFF.—Buzzard's Roost furnishes us with a chronic item—an everlasting scents-ation.

DISSOLUTION.—The firm of W. W. Eakin & Co. is dissolved, by mutual consent. The business will be continued at the same stand, under the name of A. Connell & Co.

JOE LOCKE has received all them magazines and periodicals for September. The illustrated weeklies are also all displayed on his tables, along with any quantity of interesting matter of all sorts.

NEW COTTON.—Edmonds, Todd & Co. were yesterday in receipt of a bale of new cotton, from Kyle & Cooper, of Panola county, Miss., classing strict middling. This is the second bale from that county this season.

IN TRAINING.—The Memphis boat clubs are in training for another trial of muscle and skill. There are five crews preparing for the contest, and we may expect to see a right lively regatta when it does come off.

TENNESSEE HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY. We thank the officers of this Society for a copy of their pamphlet schedule of premiums for the Autumnal Exhibition, to be held at Nashville on the 22d, 23d and 24th.

Y. M. I. D. C.—This club meets this evening at eight o'clock, at the Stillman Hall. Col. R. F. Looney is the orator of the occasion. Measures will be adopted relative to the grand procession and mass meeting on the 9th instant.

PERSONAL.

Maj. Will. O. Woodson, the agent of the Associated Press returned to the city yesterday, after an absence of a couple of weeks.

Col. Titus, of the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., is in the city on business connected with the Department.

CHANGE OF RATES OF FREIGHT.—The attention of our business men is particularly called to the change in the rates of freight by the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company. All our readers will be glad to learn that this company have resolved to carry freights as low or lower than any other line. Claims for loss or damage are promptly adjusted by officers as polite as any connected with the railroads of our country.

CORRECTION.—As we are reliably informed, we were in error as to the results of the reputed fracas in Court street, in which a man by the name of Greely and Mr. Hazlitt were mentioned as principals. As we have no disposition to do a wrong ourselves, or suffer it to be done by others, we cheerfully correct the statements that put Mr. Heazlitt in a light before the public that is foreign to his habits as a gentleman.

MISS BRADFORD'S CONCERT—POSTPONEMENT.—On account of perfecting certain arrangements which will make Miss Nora Bradford's concert one of the most brilliant and delightful affairs of the sort ever presented to the Memphis public, it has been found necessary to postpone it until next Tuesday, the 8th inst. We hope the public will bear in mind this compliment to our winning little songbird, and make the occasion of her benefit one never to be forgotten by her.

THE CONDIGN.—A little mackerel, not bigger than a minute, tapped the till of Mr. Fitchner, on the corner of Hernando and Beal streets, yesterday, and got $11. Before he got off with his booty, however, Mr. F. nabbed him and recovered the whole amount. Knowing that it was of little use to turn him over to the police, he took the youngster to his cellar and, with a couple of keen peach switches, administered the condign in the most approved manner, on the spot intended by nature for such corrections, and then turned him loose.

INJUNCTION.—We learn that "Dr." Toles, not satisfied with the profits accruing from his medical practice, has been of late dabbling in the law, and appearing as counsel in the J. P. courts of the colored persuasion. One of the "regular practitioners" in these courts—and, by the way, an independent candidate for something or other, President, or Congressman, or constable—has served an injunction on him, and the case will come up before Squire Griffith to-day.

THE NICHOLSON PAVEMENT.—We are glad to learn from our young friend, Ike Hood, Esq., that the work on this great improvement is being rapidly pushed forward. Beal and Hernando streets, above Desoto, are already finished, and by noon to-day Main street will be finished from depot to depot. Old Madison street will be completed by Monday next. Poplar street, and Second to the Ohio depot, will be finished in ten days. We notice also that the work of repairing the defective places on Main street is rapidly progressing. Memphis will soon be the cleanest and best paved city on the continent.

THE SANITARY POLICE.—The monthly report of the Metropolitan Police, made yesterday, shows great activity on the part of the members of the Sanitary corps. Eight hundred and forty-six nuisances were reported during the month, of which number eight hundred and fourteen were abated. A hundred and forty-four paving notices were served, and of these one hundred and twenty-one have been responded to. The majority of the nuisances were foul gutters, alleys and yards. It is in a great measure to the activity of this corps that we owe the present remarkably healthy condition of our city. Not a single case of cholera has been reported thus far this season. The first case last summer was on the 21st of August, and by this time deaths were quite frequent. We hope the members of the corps will not relax their exertions, and will "go for" some of the youths (and others) who throw their watermelon rinds around so recklessly.

IMPORTANT ARREST.

An Escaped Murderer Tracked to Earth.

On Monday night officers Walsh, Farrell and Scott, of the Second District, succeeded in arresting, in South Memphis, a criminal who has long been "wanted," and for whose arrest the police have been working day and night for several months past—James Galvin, the murderer of policeman John Fenton, and a'lad named Joseph Shellooe.

On Christmas day last, a disturbance occurred in McMahon's saloon, on Main street, near the Overton hotel, between three men named James Galvin, John McGrinn and Tom Connell. Officer Fenton came in, and in attempting to quell the difficulty, was knocked down and beaten, and his club taken away from him. While down he attempted to draw his revolver to defend himself, when Galvin drew a repeater and fired several shots at him. The first missed Fenton, but struck a German lad named Shellooe, and the second took effect on Fenton, and from the effects of their wounds both parties died in a few days, Shellooe first and Fenton a day or two afterward. The three, Galvin, McGrinn and Connell were arrested, and on the 27th carried before 'Squire Hall, when Connell and McGrinn were admitted to bail in the sum of $5000, and Galvin remanded to prison on charge of murder. A second charge of murder was also made in the warrant of the Coroner who sat on the body of Shellooe, and he was incarcerated in the old prison on Adams street (the new jail not being then finished,) whence in the course of some weeks he succeeded in making his escape, and disappeared altogether from the city.

About six weeks ago, officer Walsh became convinced that Galvin was in the city and that only a little patience and strategy were necessary to capture him. He learned that the man whom he suspected of being him was in the habit of lying perdue all day, and coming out on the streets at night in disguise. This indicated his mode of proceedure, and he laid his plans accordingly; but so cunningly and well posted did the object of his espoinage keep himself, that for a good while the task seemed fruitless. A few nights ago however, Wash satisfied himself that he was in the habit of retiring to a certain house after his evening walks, and about midnight on Monday, with Scott and Ferrel, he surrounded the house and after forcing an entry, captured the long wanted fugitive from justice. He was found between the matresses of a bed in which two women were lying at the time of the search, and who, as one of the officers informs us, played "virtuous indignation" to perfection when the search was made. The prisoner was lodged temporarily in the lower station house, and on yesterday morning was removed to the new jail.

METROPOLITAN POLICE.

Report for the Month of August

The following abstract, which we take from the report for the month of August, shows the amount of work done by our police force during the month.

1ST. DISTRICT—CAPT. P. S. SIMONS.

Number of arrests, 399; State cases, 87; number tried and fined, 196; number tried and discharged, 116; amount of fines assessed, $1905; amount of mittimusses issued, $1330 00; amount of fines, collected, $575; amount collected on mittimusses, $435; total amount collected, $1010; amount of lost or stolen property recovered, $410.

INCIDENTAL MATTERS.

Lodgers accommodated, 31; fires, 4; lost children, 2.

2ND DISTRICT, CAPT. W. C. MCMATH.

Number of arrests, 212; State cases, 56; number tried and fined, 104; number tried and discharged, 52; amount of fines assessed, $810 00; amount on mittimusses issued, $538 50; amount of fines collected, $271.50; amount collected on mittimusses, $48 00; total amount collected, $319.50; amount of lost or stolen property recovered, $891 50.

INCIDENTAL MATTERS.

Lodgers accommodated, 15; animals founds astray and restored to their owners, 4; accidents, 3; lost children, 4

RECAPITULATION.

Total number of arrests, 612; total amount of fines assessed, $2715; total amount on mittimusses issued, $1868 50; total collected on mittimusses, $483; total amount of fines collected, $846 50; total amount of property recovered, $971.50; which added to the amount recovered by detectives makes a grand total of $4631.00.

THE CONCERT.—A very select audience was present last night at St. Peters' Church, on occasion of the second concert under the direction of Professor Winkler. The programme, which embraced a bewildering variety from the best masters, was interpreted admirably—indeed in a manner and with a skill that reflected the highest credit upon all engaged. By contrast with any amateur concert ever given in this city, this one loses nothing. Mr. Winkler, who has been before this people for twenty years, and in that time has given numberless concerts, and assisted at others, added last night to his many triumphs, and astonished even his old friends by his performances upon the very king of instruments. Of the ladies, whose names have long been associated with the divine art in this city, it is not necessary for us to more than say that they acquitted themselves handsomely, adding new laurels to those they have so long worn. But of the debutante of the evening, Miss Dimitry, of New Orleans, it will be expected that we at least give inkling of her glorious voice and a manner of rendition, at once dramatic and effective. Her modulations are particularly commendable and the notes of her lower register long to be remembered. Those who have heard her in the parlors of Gen. Pike can have no idea of the rich resonance of contralto tones that would do no discredit to Vestivali in her palmy days. Tomlinson, as good a musician as he is business man and gentleman, (and in either capacity he is hard to beat,) added much to the diversified character of the entertainment. Mr. Hollenbery, too, was quite equal to his reputation and was in his place most effectively. The choruses were given with precision of time, and considering the material, much expression. We missed Wheat and regretted Sabatzky's failure. But these were made up for fully. Taken altogether it was a creditable affair, and is one more added to the many triumphs of our musical amateurs.

TO THE DEMOCRATIC CLUBS.—As the number of Assistant Marshals for the grand demonstration and mass meeting on the 9th inst., is deemed insufficient, each of the Democratic clubs of the city and county is requested to designate one of their members to officiate in this capacity and to report to the Grand Marshal by the 8th inst.

By order of the Executive Committee.
R. M. MCKIE, Secretary.

CITY COUNCIL.

Regular Monthly Meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Mayor and Aldermen of the city of Memphis, took place yesterday evening at the City Hall.

Present, Hon. John W. Leftwich, Mayor; Aldermen Ellis, McDavitt, Moffatt, Passmore, Lemon, Ruffin, Renner, O'Donnell, Holst, Glancy, Johnson and Mageveney.

The reading of the minutes of the previous meeting was dispensed with. The following message was received from His Honor, the Mayor:

MAYOR'S OFFICE, September 1, 1868.

The Honorable Board of Aldermen:

In order to enable the Nicholson pavement contractors to complete their contracts, which the delinquency of many property owners prevents them from doing, I have, with the advice of the City Attorney, and a quorum of the Board of Aldermen assembled in executive session, entered into an agreement with the contractors, Messrs. Brown & Co., to lend them, for eighteen months, one hundred Paving Bonds, of $1000 each, the city to be indemnified therefor by a transfer of paving claims against real estate owners to the amount one hundred thousand dollars. I ask for your approval of this action.

I herewith present, for such action as may be deemed appropriate, the account, with explanatory documents, of Wm. Tait, for examining the books of the Metropolitan Police Commissioners, the Tax Collector on Privileges and the City Register.

In April last, R. C. Brinkley, Esq., petitioned you to give him a credit on the Tax Collector's books for certain property that has been for several years used by the city. This is an important matter, both to Mr. Brinkley and the Tax Collector, which has been long neglected by his and former Boards of Aldermen, and I hope the settlement will be promptly and equitably made.

At a former meeting of your body, a report of the Workhouse Committee was adopted, instructing the Mayor to advertise for plans and estimated cost of a workhouse. This has been deferred, because no funds have been at my disposal for such purpose, and no reasonable hope presents itself of an early ability to carry out the plan suggested—unless in consideration of the city furnishing the ground the county would make the needed improvements.

During the continuance in the City Hospital of the medical students now there, or others, I would recommend the dispensing with the services of the City Apothecary, and that one of the students be required to perform his duties, in compensation for the privilege of remaining there.

Yours, very respectfully,
JOHN W. LEFTWICH,
Mayor.

Officers' reports were next in order, and the following were received and placed on file:

M. Boland, City Lumber Inspector, reports $46 00 collected.

R. Good, Wharfmaster, reports $3072 55 collected.

C. O. Bonner, Master of the South market, reports $472 25 collected.

Peter Connelly, Master of the North market, reports $350 collected.

John L. Chandler, Tax Collector of Privileges, reports $13,463 84 as amount collected during the past month.

Dr. J. M. Keller, Surgeon of City Hospital, reports seventy-three cases remaining in the hospital. Ninety-six new cases were received during the month. One hundred and fifty-six cases were treated during the month. Fifteen patients died. $170 were expended for medicines, and $55 50, were collected from pay patients.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.

Alderman O'Donnell, Chairman of the Committee on City Improvements, reported in favor of notifying Capt. P. J. Simons, to remove his horse from the city stable. Adopted.

By the same. A bridge was recommended to be placed on Lauderdale street. Adopted.

The recommendation to build a culvert on Vance street, was adopted.

Several recommendations of a minor character were adopted.

ACCOUNTS.

Alderman Passmore, chairman of Committee on Accounts, reported in favor of passing various accounts, among which were the bills of Judge Wright for legal services. Adopted after a warm debate.

FINANCE.

Alderman McDavitt, chairman of the Finance Committee, recommended the employing of a clerk in the Comptroller's office.

Alderman Glancy moved an amendment, that Mr. Bowen, tax collector, and Mr. Good, wharfmaster, be allowed clerks.

After considerable discussion, the amendment was adopted. The ordinance as amended was then adopted by a vote of 8 to 7.

A report adverse to the allowing of $250 to the dry dock company, was received and adopted.

ORDINANCES.

Alderman Johnson, chairman of Committee on Ordinances, reported in favor of the ordinance passed at last meeting, to allow parties owning frame buildings in fire limits to repair them in case of damage by fire.

The motion to receive and adopt the report was, after considerable discussion, lost.

By the same, an ordinance to regulate rates of wharfage. Adopted.

By the same, an ordinance in relation to public grounds. Laid over until next meeting.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Alderman Holst, Chairman of Fire Department Committee, reported sales of a horse and bell. Adopted.

Several minor reports, all of which were adopted.

HOSPITAL COMMITTEE.

Alderman Mageveney, of the Hospital Committee, reported in favor of making repairs at the City Hospital; also, building a coal house; also, the confirmation of the Steward nominated by the Mayor. Report received and concurred in.

CLAIMS.

Alderman Moffatt, Chairman of Committee on Claims, reported in favor of several small bills, and adversely to several others. The report was adopted.

REPORTS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEES.

Alderman Passmore, on the committee to confer with the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, reported that the Company were very anxious to push forward the work to an early completion. The committee earnestly urge upon our citizens to lend material aid to this great and important enterprise. The report was received and adopted.

Alderman O'Donnel, on the committee for the purchase of coal for the city, recommended that the city refuse all bids which have been made for furnishing coal, and advertise for new bids—the bids already made being in such form that none could be taken without incurring prejudice. Report and suggestion adopted.

Alderman Passmore presented the supplemental report of Gen. Williamson and M. D. Tait, who were employed to examine the books of the city. The City Tax Collector's books show that Mr. Bowen is still indebted to the city in the sum of $293 75 for collections made by him. There is due Mr. Bowen, for amounts overpaid by him, $38—leaving a balance due the city of $255 75. There is due to S. B. Williamson the sum of $184 80, amount overpaid by him. The report pays a compliment to the accuracy and neatness of Mr. Bowen's books. The payment made by Mr. Goodwin (one of the reported delinquents who had paid) was made on one of the business days of the year. The report states that note No. 894, given to John F. Robinson, has been largely overpaid—$430 at one time and $1702 91 at another, making a total of $2132 91. This shows great carelessness in the Comptroller's books. Somebody is the gainer of this amount, at the expense of the city. The report also states that the differences between the Comptroller's and Register's books had been reconciled. As an investigation of the remaining matters (the charge "profit and loss," debtor to ledger, balance on the Register's book, $33,622 06) would require too long a time, and could not be done without employment of book-keepers, they did not go on with it. The report concluded with a recommendation that a competent book-keeper and accountant be given to the Comptroller.

Alderman Passmore moved that the report be received, considered as a portion of the first report, and 1500 copies of the same be printed for distribution. Adopted.

PETITIONS.

Alderman Johnson, of the Second Ward, presented several petitions, which were referred to the appropriate committees.

Alderman Mageveney, of the Third Ward, presented a petition from O. P. Prescott, J. K. Moody, and others, to pave the landing at foot of Union street. Referred to the Landing and Wharf Committee.

Alderman Glancy, of the Fourth Ward, presented a petition of the property owners on Chickasaw street, to have a brick sidewalk put down. Referred to Paving Committee.

Alderman O'Donnell, of the Fifth Ward, presented a petition from Father Sohneider, to be allowed to put a shingle roof on St. Mary's Church. Referred to Improvement Committee.

The petition of Henry E. Green, to be allowed $100 compensation for damage done to his mule by falling through the bridge on Brown's avenue, was referred to the Committee on Claims.

A communication from John Lowder, detailing the washing away of the landing at the foot of Jefferson street, and suggesting a remedy therefor, and a petition that the remedy be adopted, was referred to the Landing Committee and City Engineer.

The petition of J. Boyt, to be allowed compensation for watering the streets, was referred to the Finance Committee.

Alderman McDavitt asked leave, as he was suffering from a severe indisposition, to introduce two resolutions which he had prepared, and to retire. Granted.

The first resolution was one providing for the creation of a yearly sinking fund of twelve thousand dollars, and appointing a board of trustees to manage the same—the trustees to be bonded officers, who shall give a bond of ——— dollars for the faithful performance of their duties.

Some discussion was created by the motion, and it was argued with considerable warmth for some minutes. The ordinance was finally put to a vote and passed on the first reading.

Alderman Johnson moved the blank be filled with twenty-five thousand dollars. Adopted.

Motion was then made to suspend the rules and pass it on second reading, but objection was made and the motion was lost.

The second ordinance offered by Alderman McDavitt was as follows:

1. *Be it ordained by the Board of Mayor and Aldermen*, That it shall not be lawful for any one to store, or keep on hand in any one building at one time, over one barrel, or forty gallons of camphene, burning fluid, or production of the distillation of coal, coal oil, asphaltum, shale, peat, kerosene, naptha, benzine or benzole, except as herein after provided.

2. Permission may be given for not more than five (5) barrels, or two hundred (200) gallons of either one of the above, on application to the Mayor, upon the payment of ten (10) dollars, and obtaining a certificate from the Chief of the Fire Department that no danger can accrue to the surrounding property therefrom.

Alderman McDavitt explained that the above was a copy of the ordinance as it is in Cincinnati.

Passed on first reading, but a suspension of the rules being objected to, lays over until next meeting.

Permission was then given Alderman McDavitt to retire.

PRESENTATION OF ORDINANCES

was then taken up.

Alderman Wright, of the Tenth ward offered an ordinance for the widening of Rayburn avenue from forty to sixty feet. Passed on first reading, and referred to Ordinance Committee.

An ordinance regulating "junk shops" and affixing their license at $250. Passed on first reading.

An ordinance respecting the removal of carcasses and offal from the streets, and fixing the duties of De Young, who has volunteered to remove such offal gratis, was passed on first reading. Rules suspended and passed on second and final reading.

Alderman Passmore offered a resolution creating a work-house committee of five, to be appointed by the Chair. Passed, and Aldermen Moffatt, Renner, O'Donnel, Mageveney and Johnson appointed the committee.

By the same, an ordinance in reference to slaughter houses, was referred to the Ordinance Committee.

Aldermen Renner offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The bonds lately authorized by the public vote to be issued, have already been absorbed, or will be probably fully absorbed by the next meeting of the board: *Be it resolved*, That the chairman of the Finance Committee be requested to prepare a full report for the next regular meeting, embracing the following:

1st. The uses for which these bonds have been issued.

2d. The rates at which they have been negotiated.

3d. The effect the operation has had upon the finances of the committee.

4th. Whether a supplemental issue of bonds would be beneficial and desirable.

Adopted on the first reading.

Alderman Ruffin offered an ordinance fixing the pay of the clerks of the Tax Collector and Comptroller at one hundred dollars, that of the clerk of the Wharfmaster at sixty dollars, per month. After considerable discussion it was referred to the Finance Committee.

Alderman O'Donnel offered a resolution fixing the prices of drayage and cartage. Adopted on first reading and referred to a Special Committee of Five, to report at special meeting. The chair appointed Messrs. O'Donnel, Mageveney, Lemon, Wright and Glancy the committee.

A resolution to allow the wharfmaster to hire six carts and eight men, and to purchase four wheelbarrows, for work during the coming month, was adopted.

A resolution to allow Larrry Harmstad's wharfboat to be removed to the foot of Beal street, was, after some discussion, referred to the Landing Committee and City Attorney.

The Board then got into a very hot debate on the subject of lamp-posts, which, after continuing a half hour, was put an end to for the time being by a motion to adjourn until to-day at 3 o'clock.

THE COURTS.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*Geo. W. Waldran, Judge.*—The cases set for trial to-day are as follows:

107 Backwell vs Barr & Co.
120 Chilton vs Worsham.
145 Whitman et al vs Creighton.
191 Wash vs McKiernay.
200 Meacham et al vs Topp.
216 Hesse, Levy & Co vs Harmstead.
241 Thompson vs Oldridge.
265 Thornton et al vs Kelly.
286 Nichols vs Alexander & Co.
307 Butler vs Christian et al.
317 Duffie vs Culbert.
1791 Hook & Lasgill vs Hughes.
347 McCowell vs White et al.
336 Gregg & Co vs Green.
341 Fitzpatrick vs Bauman et al.
342 Same vs Same.
356 to 357 M and A of M vs Quinlan.
365 Myers & Co vs Conklin & Co.
422 Kelly vs Wright.
423 Captain and Owners of Steamer Tarnage vs Stratton, Goyer & Co.
440 Ayres & Randolph vs Cohen.
441 Downy et al vs Jones.
445 Page & Co vs Hess, Levy & Co.
457 Whalen vs Carter.
467 Hampton vs McCombs.
476 Bashell, trustee, vs Curdin & App.
480 Cohen vs Robinson.
483 Toof, Phillips & Co vs Myers & Naccaro.
485 McDonough vs McLean & Monaghan.
490 Fair, Able & Co vs Graces.
491 Smith & Graves vs Statman.
498 Wyatt vs Dickinson.
509 Weir vs Ackerman.
520 Montgomery vs Kupperamith.
541 Williams & Son vs Davidson.
528 Toney vs Austin.
539 Townsend vs Hutton & Austin.
535 Wickinson vs Lacey & McGhee.
538 Pointer vs Sanneh.
542 Bass vs Wilsberger & Co.
557 Allen & Bro, use, etc, vs Frayser.
566 Kofford vs Lydon.
568 State of Tennessee vs Wickersham.
572 Same vs same.
580 Stockley et al vs Eberts.
582 Robertson vs Moreau.
588 Hilbronner & Bro vs Ackerman.
591 Henderson vs Memphis and Arkansas river Packet Company.
602 Norris vs Steinkuhl.
607 Reed & Markham vs Mahan.
611 Frayser & Willett vs Herman, admr, etc.
628 Brown, use, etc, vs Woodward et al.
631 Kennedy vs Ackerman.
632 Sprentie vs Ackerman.
642 Page vs Hesse, Levy & Co.
649 Bass vs Miller.
651 Gaynor, Styles & Co vs James V Rogers.
654 Davis vs Horton, et al.
657 Bullock & Anderson vs Hughes.
660 Loeb & Kahn vs Lyon & Flei.
665 McKinney vs Manning.
1342 Brinkley vs Wiggins.
676 Taylor vs Tuttle, et al.
678 Smith vs Brinkley.
683 Com Bank of Tenn vs Lofland.
690 Fox vs Boehr.
691 Friend & Bachman vs Alexander & Co.
692 Page vs Hesse, Levy & Co.
696 Same vs same.
720 Bateman vs Benedorf.
734 State vs Fraime.
735 Norment, et al vs Worsham.
738 Rocco & Co vs Smith & Peck.
739 Rocco vs Hollandsder.
741 Berlin vs Fraime.

On the criminal side of the Court yesterday, Judge Waldran refused to grant a new trial in the case of the State vs. Burditt. Appealed to Supreme Court.

In the case of the State vs. Simons, an argument on motion for new trial was heard on yesterday. Decision reserved.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.*—On yesterday, in the case of the State vs. Robert Johnson, indictment for larceny, the motion for new trial and in arrest of judgment was sustained. The defendant was admitted to bail in the sum of $1000.

David Johnson, who was confined in jail for failing to pay a judgment for costs, was discharged from custody.

To-day the prisoners found guilty during the present term will be sentenced to the penitentiary for the terms prescribed by the juries.

SABBATH SCHOOLS.

Visitations During the Month of August.

[No. 3]

For the Memphis Appeal.

August 9, 9 a.m.—Was at the Sabbath school held in the Tabernacle, on Court street, near Second—M. M. Cooper, Superintendent, and Mr. B. May Assistant Superintendent. Number present to-day, ninety, officers and teachers included. By referring to the Secretaries books, I found the average attendance for the first half of the present year to be one hundred and twenty. This school is under good discipline, with very courteous officers and praiseworthy teachers, all working with zeal for the advancement of the Redeemer's Kingdom, and continuing such, God will certainly crown their efforts with success.

August 16, 9 a.m.—Met with the Sabbath school held in the basement of the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Third and Poplar streets—Mr. G. L. Denison, Superintendent. Number present to-day, one hundred and fifty, officers and teachers included. The average attendance for the past year was one hundred and seventy-six. The total number when all are present is two hundred and fifty-one. Was introduced to the Secretary and Librarian, and found their departments in excellent order, they having recently added four hundred new books to their library, making it very complete, containing now eleven hundred volumes. School was opened precisely at the appointed hour, and the exercises continued one hour and a half. I was informed that their teachers work earnestly in the interest of the school; each teacher, like the good shepherd, visits the pupils of his or her class at their homes, seeking their work with brotherly love. The children sang well, and their general deportment gave evidence of true Christian training. There is a very intelligent Bible class in connection with this school, Judge Swayne in charge.

August 23, 9 o'clock a.m.—Was at the Sabbath-school, held in the basement of the Second Presbyterian Church, corner of Main and Beal streets, Mr. H. C. Wade, Superintendent. This school is made up of children mostly from families that have no connection with the church, (there being very few children in their church) which makes the attendance very irregular, and the duties of the superintendent and teachers very arduous. Total number present to-day, were ninety-five, but their average attendance will be about one hundred and ten. The exercises of the infant class are conducted by Mr. Jones, who is fully competent to the task. The Bible class is well attended, and in charge of Mr. Estil. This morning one of the teachers presented the school with a large new map of the Holy Land, and the interest manifested in its reception was sufficient evidence to the donor that his gift was highly appreciated.

August 30, 9 o'clock a.m.—Was at the Sabbath-school held in the section room of the First Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Court street, Rev. L. C. Ransom, Superintendent *pro tem.* Number present to-day, ninety-five. The average attendance for the past year was one hundred and twenty-two. This school is conducted with zeal by the officers and teachers, leaving nothing undone that can be done for the benefit of the school. Mrs. Ransom has charge of the infant class, and the children love her as they would a mother. Her system of teaching is so plain that they cannot fail to improve under it. There are two Bible classes in this school—one for the young ladies, and one for the young men, and their recitations are peculiarly interesting and instructive, pointing out the way to eternal happiness.

August 30, 2½ p.m.—Was at the Bethel school, held in Exchange Building—Mr. Speer, Superintendent. Number present, seventy-five. Teachers and pupils, all, appear cheerful and happy, showing that the love of God is being implanted in their hearts. After the school exercises closed, the children were invited to walk over to Wesley Chapel, on Second street, to a Sabbath-school prayer-meeting, at 5 p.m., same evening, and I am pleased to say that many of them went, and were much interested in the services.

W. M. WILLSON.

NEW FIRM.—We are glad to introduce to our friends, through our advertising columns, to-day, the firm of Pettit, Simpson & Co., cotton factors and commission merchants, No. 15 Union street. Mr. Pettit is late of the firm of J. T. Pettit & Co., and Mr. Simpson of Simpson, Sanders & Co., where each made many warm personal friends. All branches of the factorage and commission business will be attended to by them, and instructions given them by their patrons will be strictly obeyed. They received yesterday the first bale of new cotton from the hill country of Tennessee, being a bale grown by W. R. McCall, of Tipton county. The first bale received last year from Tennessee was grown by the same party, and was received on the 11th of September.

GEN. ANTHONY FOSTER.—We are indebted to Mr. Bates, Superintendent of our job department, for a copy of a well printed pamphlet, entitled "Arrest, imprisonment and trial of Gen. Anthony Foster, of Sardis, Miss." It is published by subscription of the friends of the General, whose trial for the murder of Dr. A. M. Settle, must be fresh in the minds of our readers. Copies can be had at the APPEAL office, on payment of the subscription price. This pamphlet is carefully produced as to typographical and general correctness, and is illustrated with a diagram of the scene of the murder and a portrait of Gen. Foster.

LADIES and gentlemen who desire to attend the Grand Ball, of the Relief Association of the 154th Tennessee Regiment, will have choice of conveyance as follows: A train will leave the M. and O. R. R. Depot at 7 o'clock and return at a seasonable hour. Omnibuses will leave Court Square (west gate) at 5½ o'clock p.m., and connect with train at Wells' Station. sept 3t

PASCHALL HOUSE DRAWING.—Certificates in this grand drawing can be had in Memphis of Mr. E. S. Plummer, W. H. Passmore & Co., 260 Second street, and at Geo. Pattison & Co.'s bookstore, 317½ Main street. Circulars containing full particulars furnished on application to either of the above parties. jy28 3tawtf

PEACHES! PEACHES!—Ten thousand bushels peaches wanted, by the Memphis Preserving Company, under the Gayoso House. 1w

SELECT SCHOOL.—Mrs. Dr. Cobb will open a select school for girls and small boys on the 1st of September, at her residence, 204 Second street. Pupils in music also received. Terms moderate. au26 2w

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, September 1.—The river is rising with three feet of water in the canal. The weather is clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, September 1.—River at a stand.

MEMPHIS, September 2.—Weather is cloudy and sultry. The river here is receding, with twelve feet on the bars to Cairo. At St. Louis the river is declining, with six feet in the channel out to Cairo. The Ohio is rising at Cincinnati and Louisville, with three and a half feet in the canal and four feet large on the bars in the lower Ohio. The Arkansas is declining, with three feet in the channel from Little Rock to the mouth.

Arrivals.

Steamer Luminary, St. Louis.

Departures.

Steamer Luminary, Vicksburg.
" Mary E. Forsyth, St. Louis.
" Commercial, White river.
" Des Arc, White river.
" M. Hambleton, St. F. river.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Business on the wharf exhibited a marked improvement.

The local packets Commercial and Des Arc cleared for White river with fair trips.

The Mollie Hambleton, for St. Francis river, and Mary E. Forsyth, for St. Louis, got off with fair trips.

The Luminary passed down for Vicksburg yesterday morning with a good trip. She put off here a large lot of miscellaneous freight.

Mr. Milt Harry, chief clerk of the Liberty No. 2, left last evening for Cincinnati, to spend a few days among his many friends. Milt is a clever gentleman, and never fails to make frends wherever he goes.

The heavy rains for the past thirty-six hours have extended along the water courses, and we may look for an improvement in navigation in the various streams.

We are glad to see that the Council has awarded our efficient Wharfmaster, Mr. Good, an assistant.

We would again call the Landing Committee's attention to the paving of that portion of the levee that lies between Court and Monroe streets. That portion of the levee, during the winter months, is almost impassable, and the city authorities should have it paved before bad weather sets in.

The Marble City is the Thursday St. Louis packet.

The Patoma is the regular Thursday Napoleon packet. She will be at the wharf this evening.

The Bismarck is due from St. Louis.

The Commonwealth is due from New Orleans.

The Celeste and Maggie Hayes are due from the Ohio.

Captain Nat. Green will leave St. Louis for New Orleans on the 7th, with his fine steamer, the Mississippi.

The America is due from Cincinnati. She has 400 tons of freight on herself and barge.

The Milbrey is loading at Louisville for this port.

The Champion left Cincinnati last night for this port.

The Charmer, of Pittsburg, has been sold to parties for the Cincinnati and Evansville trade.

Capt. McGill will be here on the 15th inst. with his fine steamer Belle Lee, to enter the Memphis and New Orleans trade. The Belle Lee is now one of the finest steamers on the river. Her passenger and carrying capacity is unsurpassed.

The new Texas steamer, Thomas M. Bagby, left Louisville yesterday for New Orleans and Galveston. She was built for Capt. Stewart, a veteran in the Southern waters, who, during the war, was master of the steamer Bayou City, which captured the revenue cutter Harriet Lane. She has false sides and is very staunch, enabling her to encounter the rough waves of the bay and gulf.

We see by our exchanges that the steamboatmen of New Orleans, following the example of Capt. T. P. Leathers, of the Gen. Quitman, laid over one night at New Orleans in order to give their crews, white and black, an opportunity to attend the great Democratic mass meeting in that city. In a few days the Democratic clubs of our city intend having a grand procession, and we not only expect to see our steamboatmen turn out, but to turn out in force and show to our friends we are not behind our sister cities of the South.

E. B. Eyington, the ever popular steamboat and ticket agent, arrived in the city yesterday, and can be found at the Overton during the next two or three days.

The committee appointed a short while since to inspect the docks at Cairo, have returned and made their report, and urge the Chamber of Commerce and citizens of Memphis to purchase a controlling interest in them. The investment is recommended as a paying one in the strongest terms by the committee, and we doubt not the report will be acted upon with promptness and energy.

A Card.

NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1868.

MESSRS. MAYER, MARSUETZ & CO., OF Memphis, are the only ones for whom I will hereafter fill up orders for that market. They are authorized to sell my cigars to dealers at factory prices.

au20 1m GEORGE ALCES.

NOTICE.

DRY GOODS MERCHANTS.

DRY GOODS

CHEAP FOR CASH!

We have now open full lines of

KY. JEANS, DOMESTICS, PRINTS, *WHITE LINSEYS, OSNABURGS, PRINTS,* *PRINTS,*

—In which we offer—

Special Inducements.

EXAMINE OUR STOCK BEFORE BUYING.

MENKEN BROTHERS,

263 Cor. Main & Court Sts., Memphis.
No. 13 White Street, New York.

NEW YORK LIFE

Insurance Company.

S. D. McCLURE. | McCLURE & CASKIN, | THEO. C. CASKIN

GENERAL AGENTS,

OFFICE, 279 1-2 MAIN ST., MEMPHIS, TENN.

Cash Assets Over : $10,000,000 00

BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY PURELY MUTUAL.

THIS is one of the OLDEST INSTITUTIONS of the kind in America, having been chartered in the year 1841, and commenced business in May, 1845.

During the twenty-three years of its existence, it has issued Policies upon the lives of more than FIFTY THOUSAND PERSONS, and has paid in losses $5,000 000 to the families and representatives of those who have deceased while members of the Company.

Special care in the selection of its risks, strict economy, and a safe and judicious investment of its funds, emphatically characterize the management of this Company.

Policies are issued in all the favorable forms which experience has indicated as favorable to the assured, and can be made payable at a specified time during the lifetime of the assured or at death. Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

au26 dawtf McCLURE & CASKIN, General Agents.

Regular New Orleans Low Pressure

Wednesday Packet

RICHMOND.....J. Stut Neal, Master

THIS splendid steamer leaves Memphis on WEDNESDAY, September 30th, and EVERY ALTERNATE WEDNESDAY thereafter during the season.

LARRY HARMSTAD, Agent,
aul1 tf Star Wharfboat foot Jefferson st.

Removal.

THE undersigned having taken possession of the

Star Wharfboat, at the Foot of Jefferson Street,

Will continue the Steamboat Agency Business, and transact all matters intrusted to him by his steamboat friends with promptness and dispatch.

LARRY HARMSTAD,
Star Wharfboat, foot of Jefferson street.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL, }
MEMPHIS, September 1, 1868. }

The month begins with the usual stand-still in business, consequent upon the collection of accounts and the settling up of last month's transactions.

In the general market there was little movement outside the execution of small orders for supplies.

Checking and depositing was brisk at the banks, without any change in the condition of the money market. Bankers buy New Orleans Exchange at 1-5@½ discount, and Northern and Eastern at par, and in selling, the rates are ½@¾ premium.

Gold opened in New York at 144¾ and closed at 145. The small sums presented here were taken by dealers at 142@143.

City Scrip is firm at an advance, dealers buying at 75@78c, and selling at 80c.

County Scrip meets with ready sale to dealers at 53@56c and is sold by them at 55@56c.

Police Scrip is in demand at 75@77½c, and the small amounts in the hands of dealers are held at 80c.

There was no movement in stocks or bonds. None offered. Quotations from the New York Exchange to-day are as follows:

Tennessee bonds, old, 64¾; new, 66¾; 5-20 coupons of '61, 113½; '62, 113½; '64, 109¾; '65, 111½; new issue, 108½; of '66, 107½; 10-40 coupons, 103½. Bonds dull.

The New York *Evening Post* of Saturday says: Border State bonds are steady but dull. The only change we notice is a decline of ½ per cent in North Carolinas. A rather better feeling is reported in Tennessees.

Two bales of new cotton were received to-day. One was from the farm of J. S. McCall, Tipton county, Tenn, received by Pettit & Co., and sold by them at 30c, the grade being Middling. The same party sent to the same firm the first bale from Tipton county, last season, but it was nearly two weeks later. Edmonds, Todd & Co. received from Kyle & Cooper, Panola county, Miss., a bale of new Strict Middling. This is the second bale from Panola county. It is on the market.

The following communication will be read with interest:

SHELBY COUNTY, August 31, 1868.

Editor Memphis APPEAL:

I noticed in your Saturday's issue, two letters on the subject of cotton; also extracts from newspapers in regard to its destruction by the caterpillar, boll-worm, etc., etc., in different parts of Mississippi. It is also feared that the market will again open at low prices.

Now, as far as short crops are concerned, we can do nothing but trust to a wise Providence that rules all things. The cotton crop is always uncertain till frost, at which time a pretty fair estimate can generally be made. Your correspondent, Mr. Sledge, speaks of a short stock on hand. Mr. B. speaks of the control of the prices of cotton being in the hands of capitalists and speculators last season. This is always the case, to a greater or less extent. Yet, we, of the South, could have this entire control, provided we acted as we should, and be contented with a sure and safe business. "Live and let live." The farmer is the man that risks more than any other, and the commission merchant, or banker, could be of invaluable assistance to him in this way: Suppose I carry a load of cotton into Memphis the last of October, and find the market flat, fifteen or sixteen cents. I am compelled to have money to pay my tax, must therefore sell or pay the State two, five or fifteen per cent. a month till the tax is paid. We all know it is a trick of the speculator and capitalist to get my cotton for less than its intrinsic value. Yet I must sell, or pay the State the usurious interest. If my merchant was able he would be safe to take my cotton on commission and advance the money, say one-half or two-thirds of its real worth. Knowing his safety, he is unable to do it. Now, if the bankers would advance to the merchants their funds, for a fair interest, when cotton gets up to a fair price, and sell it up satisfactorily, with mutual benefit to all concerned. In order that this result may be obtained, the farmer, commission merchant and banker must act in concert. There need be no risk, only to the farmer, and that is lessened if all act in good faith.

I need not say that the more money that is kept in the county is a benefit to all—farmer, merchant and banker. The New Orleans commission merchants advertise that their agents at the different stations on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad will make advances on all cotton shipped to their houses. As commission merchants are generally poor, but honest men, I presume the bankers furnish the means to advance upon cotton, and do a safe business. Why not the same thing in Memphis? unless it is a shaving shop! and if so, we cotton-growers had best ship our cotton there when the prices are low in Memphis. The corn crops are more than an average in Shelby county, and cotton promising, if no disaster before frost.

THO. H. TODD.

The cotton market begins to put on some little appearance of life, though there is little to go upon. Sales to-day were 4 bales Ordinary at 26½c; 1 bale Middling at 27½c; 1 do (new) at 28c; 1 do (new Tennessee Upland) at 30c; 2 bales Low Middling at 26c; 1 bale Good Ordinary at 55c. Two new bales were received, one from Tipton county, Tenn, the other from Panola county, Miss. The latter classed Strict Middling and is held by Edmonds, Todd & Co. The other classed Strict Middling and was sold by Pettit & Co.

Shipments of cotton from Bombay to August 28th, 200 bales.

New York closed active to day—sales 1500 bales at 30½c.

Liverpool steady—sales 15,000 bales at 11@11¼d.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, }
MEMPHIS, September 1, 1868. }

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1868		47
Received to-day	2	
Received previously		2
		49
Exported to-day	0	
Exported previously	0	
		0
Stock on hand to-day, 12 m		49

BRAN—Dull at $20@21 on levee, and $22@24 in store, in sacks.

BUTTER—Market dull. Choice 35c; good 30@32c.

BACON—Market dull. Sales, country clear sides at 17½@17¾c; regular brands, 17½@18c; clear rib 17¾@17¾c; shoulders 15½@16c.

BAGGING—The demand is light and market firm. Todd's, 18@18½c; Kentucky heavy, 23½@23c; India, 26@27c.

CHEESE—Prices nominally 14@17c for W. R.; factory and E. D.,—

COFFEE—Firm at 23@27c for Rio; Java, 41@43c.

CORN—Dull at 80@85c on levee, and 90c in store.

CORNMEAL—Fresh at mill $4 25@4 40; kiln-dried on levee, $4 40; in store, $4 50@4 65. No demand.

CHICKENS—The demand is very good, and prices are firm; young, $4@4 50; old, $4 50@5.

EGGS—Dull at 18c for choice fresh.

FRUIT—Fair demand for hand picked apples at $2 50@3 per bbl.; dried apples, 6@7c; dried peaches, 7@9c.

FLOUR—Market is dull. Superfine, $6 50@7; X, $8@9 50; XX, $10@11; XXX and fancy family, $11 50@13.

HAY—Choice timothy, $25 in store; 33 bales new sold on levee at $21.

HAMS—Plain country, nominal, plain canvassed, 17@18c; sugar-cured canvassed, 20@21c.

HIDES—Receipts light. Dry flint, 21@22c; dry salt, 17@18c; green salt, 10@11c; green, 8@9c.

LARD—Prices are weak. Kegs, 20½@21c; tierces, 19½@20c.

LIME—Eureka, $2 25; Alabama, Cape and St. Louis, $1 75@2.

MOLASSES—Fair stock. Sugarhouse, 65@$1; Porto Rico, 65@85c; Syrups, 75@$1 25.

MESS PORK—A few lots of outside brands sold on levee at $29 50@29 75; regular brands, $30 25@30 50; prime mess, $28; rump, $23.

OATS—Dull on levee at 55c; held in store at 58@60c.

OILS—Coal oil, 38@42c; lard oil, $1 40@1 75; linseed, $1 20@1 40.

ONIONS—Fair demand at $3@3 50 per brrrel from wagons.

POTATOES—There is some shipping demand at $2@3 per barrel in bulk. Sweet potatoes, $1 50 per bushel.

SHEEP—Dull at $1 50@3 50 for Tennessee; $4@4 50 for Kentucky.

SUGAR—Firm; prime to choice Louisiana, 16@18c; fair, 14@15c; Island, 13@16c.

SALT—Stock light. We quote prices tending upward—held at $3 50@3 75 per barrel of 280 lbs; 7 bushel barrels, $4 25@4 50; Liverpool sack, coarse and fine, $2 25@3 3s.

TAR—In kegs, per dozen, $5 75@6.

TOBACCO—Good stock and prices firm, with only a small trade doing.

WHEAT—Active demand from city millers; No. 1, $2@2 05; No. 2, $1 85@1 90; inferior, $1 40@1 65.

WHISKY—High wines are dull at $1 10 free, or 55c in bond: common whisky, $1@1 50; imitation Bourbon, $2; Bourbon, $2 50@3.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN E. BURKE,
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
OFFICE—No. 34 Union street, between Main and Second.
ELDON HIGH, Deputy Constable. au26 1m

A Card.
NEW ORLEANS, August 11, 1868.
MESSRS. MAYER, MARSHUETZ & CO., OF Memphis, are the only ones for whom I will hereafter fill up orders for that market. They are authorized to sell my cigars to dealers at factory prices.
GEORGE ALCES.
au26 1m

$1 00 Premium
FOR THE LARGEST EAR OF CORN DELIVERED to
E. P. BATES & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
au25 3m No. 258 Front street.

Arkansas Reports for Sale.
FOR SALE two complete sets of the Reports of the Supreme Court of Arkansas, from vol. 1 to vol. 24 inclusive. One set almost entirely new. Apply to [jy2] L. H. PIKE.

COTTON---COMMISSION.
F. M. WHITE. JOHN KERR. GEO. F. ROOTES
WHITE, KERR & ROOTES,
COTTON FACTORS
AND GENERAL
Commission and Forwarding Merchants,
And Agents for the Sale of Guano,
No. 291 Main street, (Gayoso Block,) Memphis.
☞Consignments of Cotton, Provisions, Produce, etc., solicited, and all orders promptly filled. sep1 daw3m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS
THURMOND, FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS
AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
7 Monroe street.
jan30

WINES AND LIQUORS.
D. H. EVANS.
Importer and Wholesale Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,
254 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.
ma15 tf

NATHAN BROTHERS & CO.
Importers of and Dealers in
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.,
No. 244 Front Street,
(UNDER THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL,)
MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Rhine Wine. mh20

Depot of the Celebrated
"Hoffheimer's" Bavarian Bitters,
—AT—
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
No. 276 Front street, : : : Memphis, Tenn
jy4 3m

A. VACCARO, M. MAGEVNEY, JR.
B. VACCARO. A. B. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my3

To Arrive:
19 barrels Alcohol.

In Store:
25 bbls. Copper Distilled Whisky
100 bbls. Rectified Whisky.

In Bond:
77 barrels Rectified Whisky.
60 barrels High Wines.
All of which we offer for sale low for Cash or Approved Paper.
SMITH & LEECH,
au13 3m **342 Second Street.**

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL! REMOVAL!
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.,
Auctioneers & Real Estate Brokers
HAVE REMOVED TO
N. E. Corner Main and Jefferson Streets.

IN announcing our new location, as above, we beg leave to return sincere thanks for past patronage, and hope to have the pleasure of meeting all our old friends, and many new, in the central and prominent position to which we have removed. The

Real Estate Agency

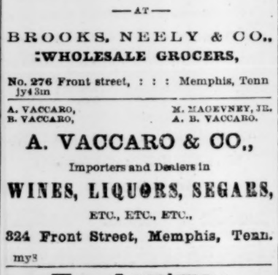
In all branches, will, as heretofore, be a leading feature of our business, and, by long experience and general acquaintance with the owners of Real Estate, both in and out of the city, we hope to make our office a general resort for the exchange of title in city or country property.

Our Rental Department

Continues under the efficient management of H. L. GUION, Esq., who will attend promptly to Collecting Rent, Paying Taxes, etc.

Public Sales of Merchandize

Will also be a specialty of our business in which the central and conspicuous situation of our Salesroom offers superior advantages to consignees, to whom we will make the most liberal advances and terms on goods to be sold by auction.
au7 ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

JOB PRINTING.
Appeal Job Office.

FINE PRINTING
—AT THE—
LOWEST RATES.
WE now have in connection with the APPEAL a complete
JOB OFFICE,
And feel confident we can do
MERCANTILE, STEAMBOAT
—AND—
RAILROAD PRINTING
In a style unsurpassed by any office in the South, and at
THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

COTTON---COMMISSION.
JOHN S. TOOF. CHAS. J. PHILLIPS. F. M. MAHAN.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
And dealers in
Plantation & Family Supplies,
WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 226 Front Street, Memphis

PARTICULAR attention paid to the storage and sale of Cotton on Commission. All consignments covered by our Open Policy of Insurance, while in transit, unless otherwise instructed.
☞Our stock of Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties and Plantation Supplies is full and complete, and will always be furnished on as reasonable terms as can be had in the city.
TOOF, PHILLIPS & CO.,
sept No. 226 Front street.
F. LANE. J. H. MARTIN
F. LANE & CO.,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
Corner Union and Front Streets,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE
☞Liberal Cash Advances made on Consignments. au9

W. W. GUY. J. H. M'CLELLAN. T. C. PARK.
H. W. M'CLELLAN.
GUY, M'CLELLAN & CO.,
(Successors to Guy, Alden, McRae & Co., and Pearce, Park & Co.,)
WHOLESALE GROCERS
COTTON FACTORS,
And General Commission Merch'ts,
No. 204 Front Street,
(Between Washington and Adams)
MEMPHIS, TENN.

KEEP constantly on hand a large stock of well selected Staple Groceries, Bagging, Rope, Iron Ties, Twine, and Plantation Supplies generally. Special personal attention will be given to the sale of Cotton and every description of Produce; and as we have a large and commodious fire-proof Warehouse, will receive Goods on Storage for shipment, etc. All consignments of Cotton, etc., to us will be insured, unless otherwise instructed. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. au29 1m

E. B. WEBBER, JOHN W. WEBBER,
Fayette Co., Tenn. Fayette Co., Tenn.
E. B. WEBBER & BRO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
230 FRONT STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞Consignments of Cotton, Tobacco and Grain solicited. Liberal advances made on consignments in store. Bagging, Rope and Plantation Supplies furnished at the lowest market rates. au1 3m*

New Firm.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the style of NORTON & JOY, for the purpose of transacting a General Commission Business. JAMES NORTON,
LEVI JOY.
Memphis, Tenn., July 6, 1868.
CARD.
JAMES NORTON, late Davis & Norton. LEVI JOY, late Wormeley, Joy & Co.
NORTON & JOY.
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 334 Front Street, : : : Memphis, Tenn.
jy8 3m

HARRIS, COCHRAN & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 254 Front Street,
KEEP constantly on hand a large and well assorted stock of Flour, Meal, Bacon, Pork, Lard, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties, which they offer at the lowest market rates. au16

W. L. STEWART,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 2 Bank Alley,
Near Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.
☞Will attend promptly to the sale of Cotton and Produce, and fill orders for supplies for customers. au23 3m

J. J. RAWLINGS. J. L. WEBB. J. L. RAWLINGS
J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
No. 254 Front Street.
UP STAIRS, - - - MEMPHIS, TENN.
☞We will sell all COUNTRY PRODUCE consigned to us. au13 3m

In former times it was a practice with the merchants to give five gallons good liquor for the first Bale new Cotton. By way of keeping up something like the old custom, we propose to pay a premium of fifty dollars in silver for the first Bale new Cotton sent us from Tennessee, to weigh not less than 450 pounds.
au13 1m J. J. RAWLINGS & CO.

D. H. TOWNSEND,
COTTON FACTOR
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 256 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : TENN.
☞Bagging, Rope and Ties furnished customers.

T. B. NORMENT. A. P. GRAVES
NORMENT & CRAVES,
Cotton Factors
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
No. 4 Howard's Row.
UP-STAIRS, : : : MEMPHIS, TENN
☞Bagging, Rope, Ties and Plantation Supplies furnished. au18-3m

C. W. STURDIVANT. J. A. NEVILS. F. G. LAWHORN
C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,
GROCERY
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 182 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.

COAL.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF FRESH
Pittsburg Coal,
—FOR THE—
HAYS COAL COMPANY
(Successors to BRIGGS & PETERSON,)
WHOLESALE and Retail Dealers in best Pittsburg Coal, from the Hays Mines, first pool, Monongahela river.
Office—22½ Madison street. mh25 tf

COAL, COAL, COAL!
We beg leave to announce to the citizens of Memphis that we have opened a Yard for the sale of
MOUNT CARBON COAL
—AT THE—
FOOT OF MARKET STREET.
This Coal is unsurpassed for manufacturing or domestic purposes, and will be sold at a low figure.
All orders left at No. 20 Madison street, or at the YARD, foot of Market street, will receive prompt attention.
au7 tf W. C. POSTAL, Agent.

NEWSPAPERS.

THE BROWNSVILLE BEE.
COL. W. I. WESTBROOK, Late of Mississippi. DR. R. W. BEERS Late of Mobile.
WESTBROOK & BEERS,
Editors and Proprietors.
A LIVE WHITE MAN'S JOURNAL, DEvoted to pure Democracy and the rights of the people.
TERMS—Invariably in Advance—Two Dollars a Year; One Dollar for SIX Months.
Our very large and rapidly increasing circulation enables us to offer superior inducements, as an advertising medium, to business houses. The BEE CIRCULATES THROUGH THE ENTIRE WESTERN DISTRICT.
☞No advertisements received except for money, and at regular rates.
Address, WESTBROOK & BEERS,
au14 tf Brownsville, Tenn.

THE TIPTON WEEKLY RECORD
SAM. P. ROSE, Editor & Propri'r.
THE "RECORD" IS PUBLISHED EVERY Friday, at
COVINGTON, TENNESSEE.
And is an Independent Democratic paper. It circulates widely in the counties of Tipton, Lauderdale, Haywood and Fayette, and is the best advertising medium, through which the Merchants of Memphis may advertise for country trade, to be found in West Tennessee.
Advertisements inserted on liberal terms. Specimen copies furnished gratis to all who may desire them. Address
au27 1m SAM. P. ROSE, Covington, Tenn.

THE GRENADA SENTINEL
J. A. SIGNAICO, EDITOR
HAS A CIRCULATION AS LARGE AS that of any paper in North Mississippi, and in a section of country where trade is tributary to Memphis. Business men of Memphis will find it to their interest to advertise in the SENTINEL. au16 tf

To the Merchants of Memphis.
An Excellent Advertising Medium.
THE BOLIVAR BULLETIN, printed at Bolivar, Hardeman county, Tenn., by M. R. PARRISH, is one of the best advertising mediums within a hundred miles of Memphis—addresses within a radius of nine miles—and circulates in a half dozen of the best counties back of Memphis. Advertisements inserted at low rates.

3 squares, business card, 3 months		$10 00
4 " " "	3 "	12 00
5 " " "	3 "	14 00
6 " " "	3 "	16 00

SUBSCRIPTION.—The BOLIVAR BULLETIN will be sent to any address, one year, for $3 00, payable in advance. jy27 tf

MUSICAL.

F. KATZENBACH
317
MAIN STREET,
MEMPHIS, TENN.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Sheet Music, Music Books, Pianos, Organs and Melodeons, Musical Instruments and Musical Merchandise of every description.
Sole Agent for Steinway & Sons' Gold Medal Pianos, and Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.
SEND for Descriptive Catalogue and Price List. Schools furnished at as low rates as at New York or New Orleans.
Orders from the country punctually attended to. Small packages of Strings and Sheet Music will be sent by mail if the approximate amount of cash accompanies the order. Large packages by express, C. O. D. au20

HARDWARE

ORGILL BROS. & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY, ETC.,
Nos. 310 and 312 Front St.
A large Stock of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, English and German Single and Double-Barrel Shot Guns,
Half and Full Stocked Hunting Rifles,
English and American Table and Pocket Cutlery,
Cast Iron Pots, Ovens and Skillets,
Rubber Belting, Iron and Steel,
French Window Glass,
Cotton and Wool Cards,
Copper Stills, Axes, Rope,
Blacksmiths' Tools, Builders' Hardware, etc.
Agents for the Guillet Steel Brush Cotton Gin,
Agents for Ingersoll's Cotton Press,
Agents for Bradford's (Cincinnati) Flour and Corn Mills,
Agents for Marvin & Co.'s Fire and Burglar Proof Safes. au18 1m

PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORRIS,

OCULIST,
59 Madison Street,
Memphis, : : : : Tennessee.
Cures all diseases of the Eye. A cure warranted in every case. Straightens Crossed Eyes with perfect safety. Patients from a distance accommodated with board at moderate rates. au16 tf

WILLIAM D. LYLES, M. D.,
TREATS DISEASES OF
Women & Children as Specialties.
OFFICE:
Corner Third and Madison Streets,
jy26 MEMPHIS, : : TENNESSEE.

TRANSPORTATION.

MEMPHIS AND LITTLE ROCK RAILROAD.
Open to Madison
Overland Route to Little Rock.
ON AND AFTER WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMber 2, 1868, the train on the Eastern Division of this Road will run regularly as follows:
GOING WEST—Leaves Hopefield Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7:30 a.m., and arrive at Madison at 1 o'clock p.m.
GOING EAST—Leaves Madison Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a.m.; arrive at Hopefield at 1 o'clock p.m., and Memphis at 1:30 p.m.
The Ferryboat Nevada leaves the foot of Union street at 7 a.m.
Trains at Madison connect with the Stage Line between Madison and Devall's Bluff.
Passengers leaving Memphis at 7:30 a.m. arrive in Little Rock at 5 p.m. next day.
Tickets for sale at all the Railroad Ticket offices in the city.
Freights for Madison or way stations received by P. M. Patterson & Co., at their Wharf-boat, foot of Union street.
Freight to Way Stations must be prepaid.
☞Office of Road, No. 12 Jefferson street.
au29 tf J. W. ROBERTSON, Gen. Sup't.

Quickest Route to New York
—AND ALL—
PRINCIPAL NORTHERN CITIES
—IS BY THE—
Memphis & Louisville R. R. Line.
Summer Schedules, June, 1868.
Double Daily Through Trains
RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Memphis (city time)	6:40 a.m.	3:40 p.m.
Leave Memphis (railroad time)	7:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
Arrive at Louisville	4:00 a.m.	12:40 p.m.
" Indianapolis	10:00 a.m.	6:00 p.m.
" Cincinnati	12 noon.	11:50 p.m.
" Cleveland	9 50 p.m.	6.25 a.m.
" Buffalo	8:30 a.m.	1:35 p.m.
" Niagara Falls	10:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.
" Pittsburg	2:30 a.m.	10:45 a.m.
" Baltimore	6:20 p.m.	4:20 a.m.
" Washington	10:00 p.m.	8:15 a.m.
" Philadelphia	6:10 p.m.	7:25 a.m.
" New York	7:40 p.m.	5:00 a.m.
" Boston	12 night.	4:00 p.m.

4 p.m. Train connects for Nashville, arriving at 8:40 a.m.
The 4:00 p.m connects for Cairo and St. Louis, arriving at St. Louis at 1:30 p.m. next day.
THROUGH TICKETS
At reduced rates, can be procured at Company's Office, 287½ Main street, and at Depot, head of Main street.
☞Baggage Checked at Depot or by the Memphis City Transfer Company; at Hotels, Private Residences, or on board boats, to all principal points East and North.
SAM. B. JONES, Superintendent.
ASA HILL, Passenger Agent. jy3

COTTON GINS.

Pratt's Southern Made Cotton Gin
THIS GIN is regarded by planters who have used it, as the best for sample, picking the seed clean and light draught. Planters cultivating bottom lands are requested to examine the Eagle Gin, in operation at Howell's, 288 Front street. It will pay for itself in ginning fifty bales. A. N. Gunnison, manufacturer of the Seed Cotton Gin before the war but now a planter, gives the following certificate:
"MEMPHIS, TENN., January 31, 1868.
"I take pleasure in recommending to planters cultivating Cotton on bottom lands of the Mississippi, Arkansas, White and St. Francis rivers, the Eureka Gin, made by Daniel Pratt, of Alabama. This Gin separates the lint, bolls, etc., from the Seed Cotton, makes a good sample, and is superior to any other Gin for bottom lands. I have used one myself on a farm in Washington county, Miss., and it operates well and gives entire satisfaction in every respect. A. N. GUNNISON."
Orders for Gins, from 40 to 80 Saws and Gum Belting, at Factory Prices, addressed to the care of PARRISH & CO., 288 Front street, Memphis, promptly filled. Presses and Gearing put up, and Gins repaired by a skilled Ginwright. L. W. TRUEHART.
Jy28 3law2m&w Agent for Daniel Pratt.

EAGLE COTTON GINS.
WE are the Sole Agents for the sale of those unrivalled Gin Stands. For beauty of STAPLE, LIGHTNESS OF DRAFT, AND QUANTITY OF LINT COTTON turned out per day, they are unsurpassed. Reference can be safely made to every planter who has given them a fair trial. Where mule power is used, they make a saving of from one-quarter to one-third the draft OVER ANY OTHER GIN. We are also agents for STRAUB'S GRIST MILLS, and WHEELER, CLEMSON & CO.'S CIRCULAR SAWS.
McCOMBS & CO.,
Dealers in Hardware, Cutlery and Guns,
322½ and 324 Main Street,
jy11 daw6m Memphis, Tenn.

COTTON GINS! COTTON GINS
E. CARVER CO.'S
Improved Gins!
THE great number of these celebrated Gin Stands in use throughout this whole country, are actual working witnesses of their acknowledged superiority. No neighborhood is without some of these splendid machines, and we make reference to each and every planter now using them as to their superior advantages over all others.
Those needing Gins will consult their best interests when they bear in mind that the "E. CARVER CO.'S IMPROVED GINS" can be had with any desired number of Saws, either right or left hand motion, by calling on or sending their orders to
ALLISON BROTHERS,
Sole Agents, 270 Front St., Memphis.
Commission Merchants desiring to make purchases of Gin Stands for their customers, will find it to their advantage to call upon us.
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CULLETT'S
STEEL BRUSH COTTON GINS
Orgill Bros. & Co., Agents,
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WE are just in receipt of a shipment of the above superior Gin, manufactured under the immediate supervision of D. R. Gullett, of Aberdeen, Miss. The many certificates found in the catalogues give abundant testimony of the superiority of this Gin over any other now manufactured.
We are now prepared to furnish sizes from 40 to 80 saws, right or left hand. Catalogues will be furnished on application.
ORGILL BROS. & CO.,
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IMPORTERS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
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Table Cutlery, Tea & Table Spoons,
And House Furnishing Goods, etc.,
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PUPILS ARE PREPARED AT THIS School for College or active business.
LOCATION—Three miles from Charleston, Jefferson county, Valley of Virginia.
Next Session Commences Sept. 1, 1868.
Pupils received at any time.
TERMS—$300, payable semi-annually, in advance. A liberal deduction will be made to parents or guardians who send more than one boarder. No extras.
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SITUATED seven miles north of Lafayette Depot, Memphis and Charleston Railroad, in the healthy village of Macon, Tennessee, resumes third Monday in July, tendering preparatory review for the new scholastic session, to be
Opened the First Monday in September.
Thorough Collegiate Course taught by an able and experienced Faculty. Board, per month, $15; Tuition, $3, $4, $5, $6, $7 and $8.
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F. G. TERRY. WM. B. MITCHELL
TERRY & MITCHELL,
EXCLUSIVE
WHOLESALE DEALERS
—IN—
BOOTS, SHOES & HATS
329 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.
WE are now receiving our Fall Stock, and have a large and well assorted stock of SEASONABLE GOODS, to which we invite the attention of merchants.
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BOOTS & SHOES.
HAVING thoroughly canvassed the Shoe Districts this Summer, we are now able to offer to the Trade just the Goods to suit the people, at prices that will suit the people, at prices that will comp te favorably with any city this side of Boston.
Call and examine, and you will buy your Shoe Goods in Memphis and save time and expense. Respectfully,
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PLANING MILL AND LUMBER YARD.
CUBBINS, CUNN & COOVER
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
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BUILDING AND FRAMING LUMBER OF all kinds. Sash, Doors, Blinds, Newel Post and Caps, Balusters and Railing, Lattice, Palings, Lath, Shingles, and a choice lot of seasoned Oak, Walnut, Cypress, Yellow Pine and Poplar, Flooring, Ceiling and Weather Boarding, for
Sale Cheaper than ever Offered Before.
☞Planing, Turning, Scroll Sawing, Tenoning and Mortising, done to order. au2 1m

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.
TAYLOR & FAULKNER,
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PLANING AND FLOORING MILLS,
Nos. 451, 453, 455 & 457
Freeman Street, Cincinnati, Ohio,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Sash, Door, Blinds, Frames,
INSIDE AND OUTSIDE
PIVOT BLINDS & PANEL SHUTTERS
Store Doors, Store Fronts,
Mouldings of Every Description,
VERANDAS
Cornices, Flooring, Etc., Etc.
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PATENT MEDICINES.
WIGGS'
BUCKEYE SALVE
—FOR THE—
CURE OF EVERY FORM
—OF—
HEMORRHOIDS OR PILES
WHETHER OF LONG STANDING OR RECent origin, internal or external, whether attended with Prolapsus, Hemorrhage or obstruction, and all by
External Application,
No internal adjuvants being required in any case, only to regulate the bowels, if constipated, or in Dropsies and Dysentery.
The PILES, while astonishingly prevalent in their various forms amongst all classes of both sexes, are, at the same time, the most distressing, frequently dangerous, and hitherto most difficult of cure.
Persons who suffer any length of time with the Piles generally try everything they can learn of purporting to cure the disease, yet realize no permanent advantage therefrom. They have been told professionally, perhaps, there was "no permanent cure for Piles," and consequently have despaired of any future cessation from pain and suffering.
To all such a SPECIFIC is offered for their relief. The
BUCKEYE SALVE
Is a strictly scientific combination of well known remedial agents, and the proprietors have no hesitation in saying the BUCKEYE SALVE is the
ONLY INFALLIBLE SPECIFIC
Ever discovered for that disease, and which cures by outward application only, and that in time to come, as in the past, it will stand the test of trial without a failure, to perform all the proprietors claim for it, if the directions are attended to.
A large number of gentlemen throughout the country of high character and influence have voluntarily attested to its efficacy in their own cases, not from hearsay, and whose certificates may be seen by reference to the publications.
The proprietors will forward to any address one bottle, postpaid, on receipt of the retail price, **$1 00** per bottle.
A Liberal Discount to Druggists and Dealers in Medicine.
This Salve will keep in any climate for years
W. B. WIGGS & CO., Proprietors,
jy31 Memphis, Tenn.

SALOON.
BELLE MEMPHIS SALOON,
NO. 14 ADAMS STREET,
HAS reopened, and will furnish the best of
Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
For old acquaintances and new ones.
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STRAUSS & BLUM,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
No. 213 MAIN STREET,
Second Door North of Worsham House.
☞Liberal advances made on consignments. jy12 6m

CHANCERY SALE.

Chancery Sale
—OF THE—
OVERTON HOTEL.
PURSUANT to a decree of the Chancery Court of Memphis, entered on the 28th day of February, 1868, for the sum of $56,792 18¾, against J. M. Keating, R. B. Waddell and Coleman Boyd, we, the undersigned, Trustees and Commissioners of the said Court, will,
On the 10th Day of October Next,
Between the hours of 10 o'clock and 4, in front of the said Hotel, proceed to sell, to the highest bidder, on a credit of six and twelve months, the said Memphis Overton Hotel and the land on which the same stands, being the following lots, on the plan of the city of Memphis, to-wit: 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, situate on the northwest corner of Main and Poplar streets in the city of Memphis, and embracing the block bounded by said Poplar and Main streets and Center alley, and an alley bounding said property on the north.
Redemption waived by the decree. The successful bidder will be required to execute notes for the purchase money with the most undoubted security before the sale is closed, and on failure, the sale will be continued, reopening on the last preceding bid.
The title is perfect, as we are advised, but we do not personally warrant the same.
EDGAR McDAVITT,
F. TITUS,
au8 law3w1d Trustees and Commissioners

DRUGS, ETC.

RUSSELL'S
Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,
Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,
MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.
DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the South-west, established in 1850, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the